CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as at June 30, 2018 and 2017, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65 "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements and related information disclosed in Note 13 of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those statements reflect total assets of NTD$512,820 thousand and NTD$131,838 thousand, constituting 16% and 6% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NTD$234,700 thousand and NTD$7,793 thousand, constituting 16% and 1% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and total comprehensive income of NTD$7,656 thousand, NTD$4,372 thousand, NTD$3,924 thousand and NTD$4,430 thousand, constituting 5%, 7%, 2% and 7% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, respectively.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent accountants, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at June 30, 2018 and 2017, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Yung-Chih

Independent Accountants

Lin, Tzu-Shu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

Republic of China

August 9, 2018

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2018, DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 are reviewed, not audited)

	Assets	Notes	June 30, 2018 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2017 AMOUNT	%	June 30, 2017 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	$ 873,338	27	$ 651,824	25	$ 645,422	27
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(2) and 12	31,973	1	26,540	1	41,723	2
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2) and 12	542,641	17	400,091	15	352,785	15
1200	Other receivables		8,641	-	4,522	-	4,085	-
130X	Inventory	5 and 6(3)	527,581	17	374,046	14	325,041	14
1410	Prepayments		32,574	1	22,598	1	19,081	1
11XX	**Total current assets**		2,016,748	63	1,479,621	56	1,388,137	59
	Non-current assets							
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(4)(5) and 8	1,028,132	32	999,260	38	847,878	36
1780	Intangible assets	6(5)	129,558	4	123,173	5	98,636	4
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(19)	23,802	1	16,552	1	14,780	1
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(4)	10,650	-	11,561	-	10,234	-
1920	Guarantee deposits paid		5,257	-	5,161	-	4,994	-
1980	Other financial assets - non-current	8	-	-	1,445	-	1,445	-
1990	Other non-current assets		2,128	-	2,046	-	1,507	-
15XX	**Total non-current assets**		1,199,527	37	1,159,198	44	979,474	41
1XXX	**Total assets**		$ 3,216,275	100	$ 2,638,819	100	$ 2,367,611	100

(Continued)

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2018, DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND JUNE 30, 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2018 and 2017 are reviewed, not audited)

			June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Liabilities							
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(6)(23)	$ 270,214	8	$ 214,755	8	$ 219,232	9
2130	Current contract liabilities	12	5,520	-	-	-	-	-
2150	Notes payable		171,566	5	115,672	4	93,365	4
2170	Accounts payable		162,162	5	91,689	4	77,400	3
2200	Other payables	6(7)	280,832	9	140,970	5	174,506	7
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(19)	54,954	2	27,276	1	10,511	1
2310	Advance receipts	12	1,791	-	3,422	-	3,272	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(8)(23) and 8	64,785	2	69,935	3	58,533	3
21XX	**Total current liabilities**		1,011,824	31	663,719	25	636,819	27
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(8)(23) and 8	451,985	14	430,993	17	361,367	15
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(19)	22,274	1	8,697	-	2,420	-
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities	6(9)	5,525	-	5,674	-	4,476	-
25XX	**Total non-current liabilities**		479,784	15	445,364	17	368,263	15
2XXX	**Total liabilities**		1,491,608	46	1,109,083	42	1,005,082	42
	Equity							
	Share capital	6(10)(12)						
3110	Share capital - common stock		590,455	18	620,455	23	620,455	26
3150	Stock dividends to be distributed		147,614	5	-	-	-	-
	Capital reserves	6(10)(11)						
3200	Capital surplus		440,667	14	463,051	18	463,051	20
	Retained earnings	6(10)(12)						
3310	Legal reserve		97,280	3	73,463	3	73,463	3
3320	Special reserve		12,367	-	5,928	-	5,928	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		447,046	14	497,930	19	333,663	14
3400	**Other equity interest**		(9,255)	-	(12,367)	-	(15,458)	-
3500	**Treasury stocks**	6(10)	-	-	(118,544)	(5)	(118,544)	(5)
31XX	**Equity attributable to owners of the parent**		1,726,174	54	1,529,916	58	1,362,558	58
36XX	**Non-controlling interest**		(1,507)	-	(180)	-	(29)	-
3XXX	**Total equity**		1,724,667	54	1,529,736	58	1,362,529	58
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments	6(21) and 9						
3X2X	**Total liabilities and equity**		$ 3,216,275	100	$ 2,638,819	100	$ 2,367,611	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
			2018		2017		2018		2017	
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	**Sales revenue**	6(13)	$ 584,877	100	$ 375,210	100	$ 1,089,719	100	$ 631,284	100
5000	**Operating costs**	6(3)(5)(9)(17)(18)(21)	(299,744)	(51)	(224,433)	(60)	(563,100)	(52)	(385,818)	(61)
5900	**Net operating margin**		285,133	49	150,777	40	526,619	48	245,466	39
	Operating expenses	6(5)(9)(17)(18) and 7								
6100	Selling expenses		(21,712)	(4)	(24,958)	(7)	(49,975)	(5)	(45,623)	(7)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(63,816)	(11)	(32,899)	(9)	(110,549)	(10)	(55,164)	(9)
6300	Research and development expenses		(26,762)	(4)	(20,468)	(5)	(51,962)	(5)	(33,262)	(5)
6450	Expected credit impairment loss	12	(1,069)	-	-	-	(5,056)	-	-	-
6000	**Total operating expenses**		(113,359)	(19)	(78,325)	(21)	(217,542)	(20)	(134,049)	(21)
6900	**Operating profit**		171,774	30	72,452	19	309,077	28	111,417	18
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7010	Other income	6(14) and 12	2,514	-	2,346	1	3,880	1	4,565	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(15) and 12	27,017	5	6,876	2	20,943	2	(17,006)	(3)
7050	Finance costs	6(6)(16)	(3,949)	(1)	(2,490)	(1)	(7,794)	(1)	(4,992)	(1)
7000	**Total non-operating income and expenses**		25,582	4	6,732	2	17,029	2	(17,433)	(3)
7900	**Profit before income tax**		197,356	34	79,184	21	326,106	30	93,984	15
7950	Income tax expense	6(19)	(46,051)	(8)	(18,594)	(5)	(75,439)	(7)	(21,292)	(3)
8200	**Profit for the period**		$ 151,305	26	$ 60,590	16	$ 250,667	23	$ 72,692	12
	Other comprehensive income (loss)(Net)									
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will not be reclassified to profit or loss									
8349	Income tax related to components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	6(19)	$ -	-	$ -	-	$ 182	-	$ -	-
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		(412)	-	3,407	1	3,127	-	(9,534)	(2)
8300	**Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period**		($ 412)	-	$ 3,407	1	$ 3,309	-	($ 9,534)	(2)
8500	**Total comprehensive income for the period**		$ 150,893	26	$ 63,997	17	$ 253,976	23	$ 63,158	10
	Profit (loss) attributable to:									
8610	Owners of the parent		$ 152,043	26	$ 60,684	16	$ 252,009	23	$ 72,840	12
8620	Non-controlling interest		(738)	-	(94)	-	(1,342)	-	(148)	-
			$ 151,305	26	$ 60,590	16	$ 250,667	23	$ 72,692	12
	Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to:									
8710	Owners of the parent		$ 151,617	26	$ 64,091	17	$ 255,303	23	$ 63,310	10
8720	Non-controlling interest		(724)	-	(94)	-	(1,327)	-	(152)	-
			$ 150,893	26	$ 63,997	17	$ 253,976	23	$ 63,158	10
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(20)								
9750	**Basic**		$	2.06	$	0.82	$	3.41	$	0.99
9850	**Diluted**		$	2.05	$	0.82	$	3.40	$	0.98

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Equity attributable to owners of the parent										
		Share Capital			Retained Earnings			Other Equity Interest				
	Notes	Common stock	Stock dividends to be distributed	Capital reserve	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Treasury stocks	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017												
Balance at January 1, 2017		$ 620,455	$ -	$ 463,051	$ 64,905	$ -	$ 334,354	($ 5,928)	($ 118,544)	$ 1,358,293	$ 123	$ 1,358,416
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	72,840	-	-	72,840	(148)	72,692
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,530)	-	(9,530)	(4)	(9,534)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	72,840	(9,530)	-	63,310	(152)	63,158
Distribution of earnings for 2016 net income :												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	8,558	-	(8,558)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(12)	-	-	-	-	5,928	(5,928)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(7)(12)	-	-	-	-	-	(59,045)	-	-	(59,045)	-	(59,045)
Balance at June 30, 2017		$ 620,455	$ -	$ 463,051	$ 73,463	$ 5,928	$ 333,663	($ 15,458)	($ 118,544)	$ 1,362,558	($ 29)	$ 1,362,529
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018												
Balance at January 1, 2018		$ 620,455	$ -	$ 463,051	$ 73,463	$ 5,928	$ 497,930	($ 12,367)	($ 118,544)	$ 1,529,916	($ 180)	$ 1,529,736
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	252,009	-	-	252,009	(1,342)	250,667
Other comprehensive income for the period	6(19)	-	-	-	-	-	182	3,112	-	3,294	15	3,309
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	252,191	3,112	-	255,303	(1,327)	253,976
Distribution of earnings for 2017 net income :												
Legal reserve		-	-	-	23,817	-	(23,817)	-	-	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(12)	-	-	-	-	6,439	(6,439)	-	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(7)(12)	-	-	-	-	-	(59,045)	-	-	(59,045)	-	(59,045)
Stock dividends	6(10)(12)	-	147,614	-	-	-	(147,614)	-	-	-	-	-
Retirement of treasury stock	6(10)(11)	(30,000)	-	(22,384)	-	-	(66,160)	-	118,544	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2018		$ 590,455	$ 147,614	$ 440,667	$ 97,280	$ 12,367	$ 447,046	($ 9,255)	$ -	$ 1,726,174	($ 1,507)	$ 1,724,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		$ 326,106	$ 93,984
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Expected credit impairment loss	12	5,056	-
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	6(14) and 12	-	(2,452)
Reversal of inventory market price decline	6(3)	(748)	(5,060)
Depreciation	6(4)(5)(17)	40,791	55,573
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	6(15)	-	14
Amortization	6(5)(17)	1,250	965
Reversal of current contract liabilities	6(13)	(1,953)	-
Interest income	6(14)	(2,373)	(839)
Interest expense	6(16)	7,794	4,992
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes receivable		(5,433)	(9,528)
Accounts receivable		(147,604)	(26,251)
Other receivables		(4,119)	(2,160)
Inventories		(153,020)	(878)
Prepayments		(9,976)	(2,573)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Current contract liabilities		7,473	-
Notes payable		56,557	27,955
Accounts payable		70,473	34,706
Other payables		78,815	37,943
Advance receipts		(1,631)	2,300
Net defined benefit liabilities		(149)	(149)
Cash inflow generated from operations		267,309	208,542
Interest received		2,373	839
Interest paid		(7,547)	(4,920)
Income tax paid		(41,252)	(10,420)
Net cash flows from operating activities		220,883	194,041

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CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	2017
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(22)	($ 29,105)	($ 10,980)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		-	200
Cash paid for acquisition of intangible assets	6(5)	(8,060)	(29,084)
Increase in prepayment for equipment		(34,681)	(6,405)
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(96)	(997)
Decrease (increase) in other financial assets - non-current		1,445	(15)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets		(82)	2,107
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(70,579)	(45,174)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(23)	54,295	31,517
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(23)	360,000	-
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(23)	(346,118)	(29,266)
Net cash flows from financing activities		68,177	2,251
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		3,033	(12,126)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		221,514	138,992
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	651,824	506,430
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	$ 873,338	$ 645,422

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 AND 2017
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

(1) CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) on October 19, 1998. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in research, development, manufacture and sale of miniature linear guide, miniature ball screw, miniature linear modules, electro-optics equipment and semiconductor process equipment.

(2) The common shares of the Company have been listed on the Taipei Exchange since December 28, 2012.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were reported to the Board of Directors on August 9, 2018.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2018 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 2, 'Classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions'	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Applying IFRS 9, Financial instruments with IFRS 4, Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 1, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 15, 'Clarifications to IFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 1, 2018
Amendments to International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 7, 'Disclosure initiative'	January 1, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealized losses'	January 1, 2017

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 40, 'Transfers of investment property'	January 1, 2018
International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee("IFRIC") 22, 'Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle-Amendments to IFRS 1, 'First-time adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards'	January 1, 2018
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle-Amendments to IFRS 12, 'Disclosure of interests in other entities'	January 1, 2017
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016 cycle-Amendments to IAS 28, 'Investments in associates and joint ventures'	January 1, 2018

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2019 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 9, 'Prepayment features with negative compensation'	January 1, 2019
IFRS 16, 'Leases'	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 19, 'Plan amendment, curtailment or settlement'	January 1, 2019
Amendments to IAS 28, 'Long-term interests in associates and joint ventures'	January 1, 2019
IFRIC 23, 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'	January 1, 2019
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2015-2017 cycle	January 1, 2019

A. The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

B. In the first quarter of 2018, the Group reported to the Board of Directors that IFRS 16 has no significant impact to the Group.

C. The Group expects to recognize the lease contract of lessees in line with IFRS 16. However, the Group intends not to restate the financial statements of prior period (referred herein as the "modified retrospective approach"), and the effects will be adjusted on January 1, 2019.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IAS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint ventures'	To be datermined by IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2021

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", and the IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting' as endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5, critical accounting judgements, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty.

C. In adopting IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 effective January 1, 2018, the Group has elected to apply modified retrospective approach whereby the cumulative impact of the adoption was recognized as retained earnings or other equity as of January 1, 2018 and the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the second quarter of 2017 were not restated. The financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 were prepared in compliance with International Accounting Standard 39 ("IAS 39"), International Accounting Standard 11 ("IAS 11"), International Accounting Standard 18 ("IAS 18") and related financial reporting interpretations. Please refer to Notes 12(4), 'Effects on initial application of

IFRS 9, and information on application of IAS 39 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017' and 12(5), 'Effects of initial application of IFRS 15 and information on application of IAS 18 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017' for details of significant accounting policies and details of significant accounts.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

(a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.

(b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Ownership (%)			
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	Note
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. ("CHIEFTEK PRECISION")	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Professional investment	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH ("cpc Europa")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	100	Note 1
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	Lease of real estate property	100	100	-	Note 1 Note 3
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Research, manufacture and sale of machineries	80	80	80	Note 2

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	Ownership (%) June 30, 2018	Ownership (%) December 31, 2017	Ownership (%) June 30, 2017	Note
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Professional investment	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD. ("cpc USA")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	100	Note 2
Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. ("Chieftek (Kunshan)")	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and after-sales service	100	100	100	-

Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 were not reviewed by the independent accountants as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were not reviewed by the independent accountants as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 3: Newly established company in July 2017.

The financial statements and the related information disclosed in Note 13 of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those statements reflect total assets of $512,820 and $131,838, constituting 16% and 6% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of $234,700 and $7,793, constituting 16% and 1% of the consolidated total liabilities as at June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, and total comprehensive income of $7,656, $4,372, $3,924 and $4,430, constituting 5%, 7%, 2% and 7% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

(c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

(a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;

ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and

iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

(a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;

(b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;

(c) Assets that are expected to be realized within twelve months from the balance sheet date;

(d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

(a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;

(b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;

(c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;

(d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at amortized cost

A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:

(a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.

(b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortized cost are recognized and derecognized using trade date accounting.

C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized or impaired.

(8) Accounts and notes receivable

A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.

B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured as financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs") if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(10) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(11) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses. When the cost of inventory is higher than net realizable value, a write-down is provided and recognized in operating costs. If the circumstances that caused the write-down cease to exist, such that all or part of the write-down is no longer needed, it should be reversed to that extent and recognized as deduction of operating costs.

(12) Property, plant and equipment

A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.

B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Buildings and structures	3 ～ 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 ～ 15 years
Transportation equipment	3 ～ 10 years
Office equipment	1 ～ 10 years
Leasehold improvements	2 ～ 15 years
Other equipment	2 ～ 10 years

(13) Operating leases (lessee)

Payments made under an operating lease (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(14) Intangible assets

A. Trademarks and patents

Separately acquired trademarks of corporate identity system and patents are stated initially at cost. Trademarks and patents have a finite useful life and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 to 20 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated initially at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

C. Internally generated intangible assets－research and development expenditures

(a) Research expenditures are recognized as an expense as incurred.

(b) Development expenditures that do not meet the following criteria are recognized as expenses as incurred, but are recognized as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

i. It is technically feasible to complete the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;

ii. An entity intends to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;

iii. An entity has the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;

iv. It can be demonstrated how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;

v. Adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset are available; and

vi. The expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably measured.

(c) Upon being available for use, internally generated intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life.

D. Other intangible assets

Technology contribution is stated initially at cost, and regarded as having an indefinite useful life as it was assessed to generate continuous net cash inflow in the foreseeable future. Technology contribution is not amortized, but is tested annually for impairment.

(15) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(16) Borrowings

A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term banks loans. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as a other non-current assets for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(17) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(18) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(19) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(20) Employee benefits

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.

ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. And, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees’ compensation and directors’ and supervisors’ remuneration

Employees’ compensation and directors’ and supervisors’ remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(21) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional 10% tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.

D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

G. The interim period income tax expense is recognized based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognizes the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognized in profit or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(22) Share capital

A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is resolved from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(23) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities; stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(24) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

A. The Group manufactures and sells linear guide, ball screw and linear modules. Sales are recognized when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the external customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the buyer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

B. Sales revenue is recognized based on the contract price, net of output tax and sales returns and discounts. The sales are made with a credit term of 30 ~ 180 days after monthly closing. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

C. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(25) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

Evaluation of inventories

A. As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is calculated based on the inventory clearance and historical date of discounts. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

B. As of June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of inventories was $527,581.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Cash:			
Cash on hand	$ 1,636	$ 1,051	$ 563
Checking accounts and demand deposits	777,783	649,244	643,366
	779,419	650,295	643,929
Cash Equivalents:			
Time deposits	93,919	1,529	1,493
	$ 873,338	$ 651,824	$ 645,422

A. The Group associates with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. Details of the Group's cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as collateral as of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 are provided in Note 8, 'Pledged assets'.

(2) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Notes receivable	$ 31,973	$ 26,540	$ 41,723

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Accounts receivable	$ 558,499	$ 410,895	$ 363,316
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(15,858)	(10,804)	(10,531)
	$ 542,641	$ 400,091	$ 352,785

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable and notes receivable that were past due is as follows:

	June 30, 2018		December 31, 2017		June 30, 2017	
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable
Not past due	$ 478,713	$ 31,973	$ 339,738	$ 25,486	$ 281,086	$ 28,854
Less than 30 days	25,966	-	23,282	187	34,767	6,115
31 to 90 days	18,494	-	26,369	-	16,096	4,001
91 to 180 days	18,649	-	6,111	456	19,470	2,618
Over 181 days	16,677	-	15,395	411	11,897	135
	$ 558,499	$ 31,973	$ 410,895	$ 26,540	$ 363,316	$ 41,723

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group does not hold any collateral as security for accounts receivable.

C. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2), ‘Financial instruments’.

(3) Inventories

	June 30, 2018		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 80,247	($ 64)	$ 80,183
Supplies	84,757	(3,257)	81,500
Work in progress	240,153	(13,534)	226,619
Finished goods	180,501	(41,222)	139,279
	$ 585,658	($ 58,077)	$ 527,581

	December 31, 2017		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 44,081	($ 295)	$ 43,786
Supplies	60,453	(3,920)	56,533
Work in progress	173,786	(14,562)	159,224
Finished goods	154,318	(39,815)	114,503
	$ 432,638	($ 58,592)	$ 374,046

	June 30, 2017		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 34,853	($ 243)	$ 34,610
Supplies	47,684	(4,510)	43,174
Work in progress	157,320	(10,573)	146,747
Finished goods	152,899	(52,389)	100,510
	$ 392,756	($ 67,715)	$ 325,041

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Cost of goods sold	$ 305,800	$ 233,073
Reversal of allowance for inventory market price decline (Note)	(5,197)	(7,996)
Gain on physical inventory	(754)	(619)
Revenue from sale of scraps	(105)	(25)
	$ 299,744	$ 224,433

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Cost of goods sold	$ 565,034	$ 391,796
Reversal of allowance for inventory market price decline (Note)	(748)	(5,060)
Gain on physical inventory	(905)	(864)
Revenue from sale of scraps	(281)	(54)
	$ 563,100	$ 385,818

(Note) The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold as certain inventory items which were previously provided with allowance were subsequently sold and scrapped in 2018 and 2017.

(4) Property, plant and equipment

January 1, 2018	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements and other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment before acceptance inspection	Total
Cost	$ 414,740	$ 535,004	$ 800,132	$ 5,282	$ 18,060	$ 133,253	$ 17,380	$ 1,923,851
Accumulated depreciation	-	(105,777)	(685,013)	(4,061)	(16,576)	(113,164)	-	(924,591)
	$ 414,740	$ 429,227	$ 115,119	$ 1,221	$ 1,484	$ 20,089	$ 17,380	$ 999,260
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018								
At January 1	$ 414,740	$ 429,227	$ 115,119	$ 1,221	$ 1,484	$ 20,089	$ 17,380	$ 999,260
Additions	-	1,813	7,155	-	517	3,319	17,393	30,197
Transferred from prepayments for equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,592	35,592
Transferred after acceptance inspection	-	-	6,729	-	-	1,290	(8,019)	-
Reclassifications	(45,040)	45,040	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation (Note)	-	(8,488)	(27,525)	(281)	(438)	(4,096)	-	(40,828)
Disposals－Cost	-	-	(1,144)	-	(416)	(427)	-	(1,987)
－Accumulated depreciation	-	-	1,144	-	416	427	-	1,987
Net currency exchange differences	915	3,035	(35)	4	(1)	(7)	-	3,911
At June 30	$ 370,615	$ 470,627	$ 101,443	$ 944	$ 1,562	$ 20,595	$ 62,346	$ 1,028,132
June 30, 2018								
Cost	$ 370,615	$ 590,399	$ 813,201	$ 5,290	$ 18,170	$ 137,419	$ 62,346	$ 1,997,440
Accumulated depreciation	-	(119,772)	(711,758)	(4,346)	(16,608)	(116,824)	-	(969,308)
	$ 370,615	$ 470,627	$ 101,443	$ 944	$ 1,562	$ 20,595	$ 62,346	$ 1,028,132

January 1, 2017	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements and other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment before acceptance inspection	Total
Cost	$ 316,864	$ 462,353	$ 818,978	$ 5,384	$ 17,470	$ 123,646	$ 2,837	$ 1,747,532
Accumulated depreciation	-	(91,795)	(637,144)	(4,449)	(16,421)	(105,704)	-	(855,513)
	$ 316,864	$ 370,558	$ 181,834	$ 935	$ 1,049	$ 17,942	$ 2,837	$ 892,019
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017								
At January 1	$ 316,864	$ 370,558	$ 181,834	$ 935	$ 1,049	$ 17,942	$ 2,837	$ 892,019
Additions	-	401	6,181	-	379	1,412	1,243	9,616
Transferred from prepayments for equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,008	2,008
Transferred after acceptance inspection	-	-	-	-	-	1,983	(1,983)	-
Depreciation (Note)	-	(6,832)	(43,520)	(225)	(335)	(4,848)	-	(55,760)
Disposals－Cost	-	-	(1,100)	-	(231)	(837)	-	(2,168)
－Accumulated depreciation	-	-	886	-	231	837	-	1,954
Net currency exchange differences	-	-	112	(17)	83	30	1	209
At June 30	$ 316,864	$ 364,127	$ 144,393	$ 693	$ 1,176	$ 16,519	$ 4,106	$ 847,878
June 30, 2017								
Cost	$ 316,864	$ 462,754	$ 824,003	$ 5,346	$ 17,471	$ 126,276	$ 4,106	$ 1,756,820
Accumulated depreciation	-	(98,627)	(679,610)	(4,653)	(16,295)	(109,757)	-	(908,942)
	$ 316,864	$ 364,127	$ 144,393	$ 693	$ 1,176	$ 16,519	$ 4,106	$ 847,878

(Note) Depreciation of certain research and development equipment was capitalized as intangible assets as it met the criteria for capitalization. Please refer to Note 6(5), 'Intangible assets'.

A. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment.

B. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral as of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 is provided in Note 8, ‘Pledged assets’.

(5) Intangible assets

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, reconciliation of the initial cost, accumulated amortization amount and carrying amount at beginning and end of period of intangible assets is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018					
	Trademarks	Patents	Software	Internally generated intangible assets	Others	Total
At January 1, 2018						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,231	$ 10,067	$ 79,865	$ 60,000	$ 159,741
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(1,945)	(6,085)	-	(13,500)	(22,108)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(14,460)	(14,460)
Net value	$ -	$ 7,286	$ 3,982	$ 79,865	$ 32,040	$ 123,173
Net value at January 1, 2018	$ -	$ 7,286	$ 3,982	$ 79,865	$ 32,040	$ 123,173
Additions－acquired separately	-	-	236	-	-	236
Additions－from internal development	-	-	-	7,824	-	7,824
Additions－depreciation reclassified	-	-	-	37	-	37
Additions－amortization reclassified	-	-	-	17	-	17
Amortization	-	(291)	(976)	-	-	(1,267)
Net currency exchange differences	-	-	(3)	(459)	-	(462)
Net value at June 30, 2018	$ -	$ 6,995	$ 3,239	$ 87,284	$ 32,040	$ 129,558
At June 30, 2018						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,231	$ 10,297	$ 87,284	$ 60,000	$ 167,390
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(2,236)	(7,058)	-	(13,500)	(23,372)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(14,460)	(14,460)
Net value	$ -	$ 6,995	$ 3,239	$ 87,284	$ 32,040	$ 129,558

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017					
	Trademarks	Patents	Software	Internally generated intangible assets	Others	Total
At January 1, 2017						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,146	$ 6,156	$ 16,987	$ 60,000	$ 92,867
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(1,363)	(4,421)	-	(13,500)	(19,862)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(4,298)	(4,298)
Net value	$ -	$ 7,783	$ 1,735	$ 16,987	$ 42,202	$ 68,707
Net value at January 1, 2017	$ -	$ 7,783	$ 1,735	$ 16,987	$ 42,202	$ 68,707
Additions－acquired separately	-	85	2,673	-	-	2,758
Additions－from internal development	-	-	-	26,326	-	26,326
Additions－depreciation reclassified	-	-	-	187	-	187
Additions－amortization reclassified	-	-	-	90	-	90
Amortization	-	(291)	(764)	-	-	(1,055)
Net currency exchange differences	-	-	11	1,612	-	1,623
Net value at June 30, 2017	$ -	$ 7,577	$ 3,655	$ 45,202	$ 42,202	$ 98,636
At June 30, 2017						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,231	$ 8,851	$ 45,202	$ 60,000	$ 123,862
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(1,654)	(5,196)	-	(13,500)	(20,928)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(4,298)	(4,298)
Net value	$ -	$ 7,577	$ 3,655	$ 45,202	$ 42,202	$ 98,636

A. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of intangible assets.

B. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Manufacturing overhead	$ -	$ 39
General and administrative expenses	80	72
Research and development expenses	560	476
	$ 640	$ 587

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Manufacturing overhead	$ -	$ 81
General and administrative expenses	145	137
Research and development expenses	1,122	837
	$ 1,267	$ 1,055

(6) Short-term borrowings

Nature	June 30, 2018	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$ 170,000	0.99%～1.04%	None
Bank secured borrowings	100,214	1.14%～3.84%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$ 270,214		

Nature	December 31, 2017	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$ 125,000	1.03%～1.05%	None
Bank secured borrowings	89,755	1.20%～3.03%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$ 214,755		

Nature	June 30, 2017	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$ 155,000	1.05%～1.12%	None
Bank secured borrowings	64,232	1.20%～1.49%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$ 219,232		

Interest expense recognized in profit or loss amounted to $3,949, $2,490, $7,794 and $4,992 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

(7) Other payables

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Dividends payable	$ 59,045	$ -	$ 59,045
Accrued salaries and bonuses	69,086	55,278	46,846
Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration payable	77,303	29,687	22,912
Equipment payable	6,991	5,236	2,656
Others	68,407	50,769	43,047
	$ 280,832	$ 140,970	$ 174,506

(8) Long-term borrowings

Nature	Expiry date	June 30, 2018	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	July 25, 2020～ August 25, 2024	$ 446,354	1.37%～ 4.43%	Land, buildings and structures, and endorsed and guaranteed by the Company
Unsecured borrowings	September 23, 2019～ October 5, 2022	70,416	1.29%～ 1.80%	None
		516,770		
Less: Current portion		(64,785)		
		$ 451,985		

Nature	Expiry date	December 31, 2017	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	February 17, 2019～ August 25, 2024	$ 486,345	1.27%～ 4.43%	Time deposits (Note), land, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment and endorsed and guaranteed by the Company
Unsecured borrowings	September 23, 2019	14,583	1.27%	None
		500,928		
Less: Current portion		(69,935)		
		$ 430,993		

Nature	Expiry date	June 30, 2017	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	February 17, 2019～ September 23, 2021	$ 401,150	1.27%～ 2.01%	Time deposits (Note), land, buildings and structures, machinery and equipment
Unsecured borrowings	September 23, 2019	18,750	1.27%	None
		419,900		
Less: Current portion		(58,533)		
		$ 361,367		

(Note) Listed as 'Other financial assets – non-current'.

(9) Pensions

A.(a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by next March.

(b) No pension cost was recognized under the aforementioned defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017.

(c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2018 amount to $297.

B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The other subsidiaries are subject to local government sponsored defined contribution plan. In accordance with the related laws of the respective local government, the independent pension fund of employees is administered by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, these subsidiaries do not have further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 were $4,430, $2,661, $8,351 and $5,670, respectively.

(10) Share capital - common stock and stock dividends to be distributed

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
At January and June 30	59,046	59,046

B. On May 28, 2018, the Company's stockholders adopted a resolution to issue shares of common stock due to capitalization of retained earnings of $147,614 and obtained approval from the SFC. The effective date of capitalization was set on August 5, 2018.

C. Treasury shares

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury shares are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018			
Reason for reacquisition	Shares at beginning of period	Increase	Decrease	Shares at end of period
To be reissued to employees	3,000	-	(3,000)	-

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017			
Reason for reacquisition	Shares at beginning of period	Increase	Decrease	Shares at end of period
To be reissued to employees	3,000	-	-	3,000

(b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury share should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. As of December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the treasury shares both amounted to $118,544.

(c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.

(d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury shares should be reissued to the employees within three years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the three-year period are to be retired.

D. The Company acquired a total of 3 million treasury shares during the period from November 2014 to January 2015. On February 9, 2018, the shares were retired as resolved by the Board of Directors. The capital deduction became effective on the same date and the registration has been approved by the Southern Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology.

The Company debited 'share capital – common stock' and 'capital surplus–share premium' in the amounts of $30,000 and $22,384, respectively, and 'unappropriated retained earnings' was offset by the short amount of $66,160.

E. As of June 30, 2018, the Company's authorized capital was $1,200,000 (including $30,000 reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was $590,455 (59,046 thousand shares) with par value of $10 (in dollars) per share.

(11) Capital reserve

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Share premium	Others	Total
At January 1	$ 462,937	$ 114	$ 463,051
Retirement of treasury shares	(22,384)	-	(22,384)
At June 30	$ 440,553	$ 114	$ 440,667

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017	Share premium	Others	Total
Balances at beginning and end of period	$ 462,937	$ 114	$ 463,051

A. Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

B. Information relating to capital surplus offset by the retirement of treasury shares is provided in Note 6(10), 'Share capital – common stock'.

(12) Retained earnings

A. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit, to issue new stocks, or to distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted provided that the balance of such reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

B. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's dividend policy is to distribute the current year's earnings, if any, in the following order:

(1) pay all taxes and dues;

(2) offset any loss of prior years;

(3) set aside 10% as legal reserve;

(4) set aside or reverse special reserve as required by regulations or the Competent Authority;

(5) The appropriation of the remaining amount after deducting items (1) to (4), along with the unappropriated retained earnings of prior years can be distributed in accordance with a

resolution passed during a meeting of the Board of Directors and approved at the shareholders' meeting. However, the distribution of dividends shall not be lower than 20% of the current year's profit after deducting items (1) to (4). In order to continually expand the scale of operation, increase competitiveness as well as cooperate with the Company's long-term development, future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the dividend policy is to distribute stock dividends and partially as cash dividends. Cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders.

C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings. As of December 31, 2017, pursuant to the regulations for the deduction amount to stockholders' equity from other equity items, the Company has set aside special reserve of $12,367 which cannot be distributed to shareholders.

D. The Company recognized cash dividends distributed to owners amounting to $59,045 ($1.0 (in dollars) per share) for the year ended December 31, 2017. On May 28, 2018, the Company's stockholders adopted a resolution to distribute cash dividends and stock dividends for 2017 of $59,045 ($1.0 (in dollars) per share) and $147,614 ($2.5 (in dollars) per share), respectively.

(13) Operating revenue

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
Revenue from contracts with customers	$ 584,877	$ 1,089,719

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in segments. Please refer to Note 14, 'Segment information' for details.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018, revenue from contracts with customers recognized that were included in the current contract liabilities at January 1, 2018 were $264 and $1,953, respectively.

C. Related disclosures on operating revenue for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are provided in Note 12(5), 'Effects of initial application of IFRS 15 and information on application of IAS 18 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017'.

(14) Other income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	$ 1,845	$ 553
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	1,306
Other income－others	669	487
	$ 2,514	$ 2,346

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest income:		
Interest income from bank deposits	$ 2,373	$ 839
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts	-	2,452
Other income－others	1,507	1,274
	$ 3,880	$ 4,565

(15) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Currency exchange gain	$ 27,021	$ 6,890
Loss on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	-	(14)
Others	(4)	-
	$ 27,017	$ 6,876

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Currency exchange gain (loss)	$ 20,950	($ 16,992)
Loss on disposal of property, plant, and equipment	-	(14)
Others	(7)	-
	$ 20,943	($ 17,006)

(16) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest expense on bank borrowings	$ 3,949	$ 2,490

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Interest expense on bank borrowings	$ 7,794	$ 4,992

(17) Expenses by nature

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 80,989	$ 69,587	$ 150,576
Depreciation	16,039	3,421	19,460
Amortization	-	640	640
	$ 97,028	$ 73,648	$ 170,676

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 49,349	$ 48,515	$ 97,864
Depreciation	24,235	2,699	26,934
Amortization	39	458	497
	$ 73,623	$ 51,672	$ 125,295

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 146,673	$ 132,822	$ 279,495
Depreciation	33,463	7,328	40,791
Amortization	-	1,250	1,250
	$ 180,136	$ 141,400	$ 321,536

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 91,302	$ 78,940	$ 170,242
Depreciation	50,064	5,509	55,573
Amortization	81	884	965
	$ 141,447	$ 85,333	$ 226,780

(18) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 70,037	$ 63,165	$ 133,202
Labor and health insurance expense	5,873	2,774	8,647
Pension costs	2,724	1,706	4,430
Other personnel expenses	2,355	1,942	4,297
	$ 80,989	$ 69,587	$ 150,576

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 42,736	$ 43,194	$ 85,930
Labor and health insurance expense	3,853	3,267	7,120
Pension costs	1,458	1,203	2,661
Other personnel expenses	1,302	851	2,153
	$ 49,349	$ 48,515	$ 97,864

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 126,310	$ 120,293	$ 246,603
Labor and health insurance expense	11,193	6,206	17,399
Pension costs	5,105	3,246	8,351
Other personnel expenses	4,065	3,077	7,142
	$ 146,673	$ 132,822	$ 279,495

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 78,125	$ 69,202	$ 147,327
Labor and health insurance expense	7,342	5,699	13,041
Pension costs	3,339	2,331	5,670
Other personnel expenses	2,496	1,708	4,204
	$ 91,302	$ 78,940	$ 170,242

A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of profit of the current year distributable, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 3% to 8% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration. On May 28, 2018, the Company's stockholders adopted a resolution to amend the Articles of Incorporation of the Company. The ratio shall be 3% to 15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Company's employees' compensation was accrued at $23,648, $6,501, $34,774 and $7,688, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at $6,616, $2,438, $10,788 and

$2,883, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses that were estimated and accrued based on the profit as of the end of reporting period and the percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company.

The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2017 as resolved by the Board of Directors was $31,741, which was different from the estimated amount of $24,687 and $5,000 recognized in the 2017 financial statements by $2,054. Such difference was recognized in profit and loss for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018. The employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2017 have not yet been distributed.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(19) Income tax

A. Income tax expense:

(a) Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30, 2018	2017
Current income tax:		
Income tax incurred in current period	$ 37,458	$ 9,622
10% tax on unappropriated earnings	19	1,130
Prior year's income tax under (over) estimation	3,509	(165)
Total current income tax	40,986	10,587
Deferred income tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	5,065	8,007
Income tax expense	$ 46,051	$ 18,594

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	2017
Current income tax:		
Income tax incurred in current period	$ 64,239	$ 14,015
10% tax on unappropriated earnings	19	$ 1,130
Prior year's income tax under (over) estimation	4,672	(165)
Total current income tax	68,930	14,980
Deferred income tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	7,713	6,312
Impact of change in tax rate	(1,204)	-
Total deferred tax	6,509	6,312
Income tax expense	$ 75,439	$ 21,292

(b) The income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Impact of change in tax rate	$ -	$ -

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Impact of change in tax rate	($ 182)	$ -

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2015 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. There were no disputes existing between the Company and Tax Authority as of August 9, 2018.

C. Under the amendments to the Income Tax Act which was promulgated by the President of the Republic of China on February 7, 2018, the Company's applicable income tax rate was raised from 17% to 20% effective from January 1, 2018. The Group has assessed the impact of the change in income tax rate and reflected in current profit or loss or other comprehensive income for the origination and reversal of temporary differences.

(20) Earnings per share ("EPS")

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 152,043	73,807	$ 2.06
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 152,043	73,807	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	279	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 152,043	74,086	$ 2.05

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 60,684	73,807	$ 0.82
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 60,684	73,807	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	190	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 60,684	73,997	$ 0.82

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 252,009	73,807	$ 3.41
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 252,009	73,807	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	345	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 252,009	74,152	$ 3.40

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 72,840	73,807	$ 0.99
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 72,840	73,807	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	325	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 72,840	74,132	$ 0.98

The abovementioned weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to conversion has been adjusted to unappropriated retained earnings as proportional increase in capital for the year ended December 31, 2017.

(21) Operating leases

The Group entered into a non-cancellable operating lease agreement for the periods from January 1, 2003 to December 31, 2022 and from August 28, 2014 to August 27, 2034 for the land in Southern Taiwan Science Park. The lease agreement is renewable at the end of the lease term. The Company pays monthly rent. If the announced land values, state-owned land rent rate, or other factors change, the monthly rent paid by the Group will be adjusted accordingly on the following month. The Group may have to pay additional rent or get a refund on its last rental payment because of such adjustment. The rent expense of $1,808, 1,709, 3,616 and $3,417 was recognized in profit or loss for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Within one year	$ 7,594	$ 7,594	$ 7,175
Later than one year but not exceeding five years	26,607	30,375	28,700
Exceeding five years	631	660	4,210
	$ 34,832	$ 38,629	$ 40,085

(22) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	$ 30,197	$ 9,616
Add: Opening balance of notes payable	4,858	1,575
Opening balance of payable for equipment	5,236	3,656
Less: Ending balance of notes payable	(4,195)	(1,211)
Ending balance of payable for equipment	(6,991)	(2,656)
Cash paid during the period	$ 29,105	$ 10,980

B. Investing and financing activities with no cash flow effects

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017
(a) Prepayments for equipment reclassified to property, plant and equipment	$ 35,592	$ 2,008

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2017
(b) Cash dividends distribution	$ 59,045	$ 59,045
Less: Ending balance of payable on cash dividends (other payable)	(59,045)	(59,045)
Cash paid for cash dividends distribution	$ -	$ -

(23) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
January 1, 2018	$ 214,755	$ 500,928	$ 715,683
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	54,295	13,882	68,177
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	1,164	1,960	3,124
June 30, 2018	$ 270,214	$ 516,770	$ 786,984

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

None.

(2) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	$ 14,585	$ 8,290

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	$ 27,292	$ 12,130

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value			
Asset pledged	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017	Purpose of collateral
Land (Note 1)	$ 370,615	$ 414,740	$ 316,864	Guarantee for long－term borrowings
Buildings and structures-net (Note 1)	431,510	389,261	322,369	Guarantee for long－term borrowings
Machinery and equipment-net (Note 1)	-	8,749	15,740	Guarantee for long－term borrowings
Pledged time deposits (Note 2)	-	1,445	1,445	Guarantee for long－term borrowings
	$ 802,125	$ 814,195	$ 656,418	

(Note 1) Listed as 'Property, plant and equipment'.

(Note 2) Listed as 'Other financial assets - non-current'.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, cpc Europa GmbH, amounted to $194,700, $142,280 and $156,240, respectively, and the actual amount drawn down was $51,684, $56,319 and $64,232, respectively; and provided to the subsidiary, CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC, amounted to $60,920, $59,520 and $－, respectively, and the actual amount drawn down was $60,920, $59,520 and $－, respectively.

(2) As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group's remaining balance due for construction in progress and prepayments for equipment were $140,816, $30,854 and $17,944, respectively.

(3) On July 5, 2017, the Company entered into a mid-term secured syndicated loan contract for a credit line of $1,200,000 with 9 financial institutions including E. Sun Commercial Bank, Ltd.. The credit term is 5 years. Under the terms of the syndicated loan, the Company agree that:

A. Under the terms of the syndicated loan, the financial ratios stated in the Company's semi-annual reviewed financial statements and annual audited financial statements shall comply with the following financial ratios and will be assessed semi-annually:

(a) Current ratio (current assets/current liabilities): At least 100%.

(b) Liability ratio (total liabilities/net equity): Less than 150%.

(c) Tangible net value (shareholders' equity less intangible assets): At least $1,000,000.

B. If the Company violates the above financial covenants, the Company should improve within nine months after fiscal year or half fiscal year. It will not be considered to default, if the audited or reviewed financial rates comply with the covenants after the improvement period. During the improvement period, the credit line which has not been withdrawn will be frozen, until the financial covenants are met. In addition, for withdrawn credit, its financing rate shall be increased by an additional 0.125% per annum from the date after the notification by the management bank to the date after the completion of improvement.

As of June 30, 2018, the Company has not violated any of the above covenants.

(4) For the details of operating lease agreements, please refer to Note 6(21), 'Operating leases'.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENT AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Details of the Group's financial instruments by category are provided in Notes 6 and 12(4).

B. Financial risk management policies

(a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

I. Foreign exchange risk

(i) The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to USD, EUR and JPY. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

(ii) Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.

(iii)The Group treasury's risk management policy is to hedge anticipated cash flows (mainly purchase of inventory) in the major foreign currency in the future so as to decrease the risk exposure in the major foreign currency.

(iv)The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. However, as the objective of the net investments in foreign operations is for strategic purposes, the Group does not hedged the investments.

(v)The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD, the subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, EUR and CYN). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	June 30, 2018		
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	$ 11,466	30.58	$ 350,580
JPY:NTD	218,600	0.2754	60,202
EUR:NTD	1,217	35.40	43,091
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	419	30.46	12,749
JPY:NTD	21,034	0.2754	5,793
EUR:NTD	1,770	35.40	62,655

	December 31, 2017		
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	$ 11,452	29.76	$ 340,815
JPY:NTD	55,770	0.2642	14,734
EUR:NTD	618	35.57	21,968
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	204	29.76	6,076
JPY:NTD	29,683	0.2642	7,842
EUR:NTD	1,174	35.57	41,776

	June 30, 2017		
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	$ 12,714	30.42	$ 386,772
JPY:NTD	26,272	0.2716	7,135
EUR:NTD	815	34.72	28,283
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	48	30.42	1,468
JPY:NTD	27,248	0.2716	7,401
EUR:NTD	1,079	34.72	37,477

Sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk is primarily for foreign currency monetary items at financial reporting date. If the exchange rate of NTD to other currencies had appreciated/depreciated by 1% with all other factors remaining constant, the Group's net profit (loss) after tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 would increase/decrease by $2,939 and $3,075, respectively.

(vi) The total exchange gain (loss), including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 amounted to $27,021, $6,890, $20,950 and ($16,992), respectively.

II. Price risk

The Group is not engaged in any financial instruments with price variations, thus, the Group does not expect market risk arising from variations in the market prices.

III. <u>Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk</u>

(i)The Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. However, partial interest rate risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD and EUR.

(ii)The Group's borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.

(iii)If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 would have decreased/increased by $624 and $208, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating-rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

I. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.

II. The Group manages their credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

III. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9 whereby, if the contract payments are past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.

IV. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9 whereby, the impairment is assessed when the contract payments are past due over certain days.

V. The Group classified customer's accounts receivable in accordance with credit rating of customer and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using forecastable consideration to adjust historical and timely information to estimate expected credit loss. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018
	Accounts receivable
At January 1	$ 10,804
Provision for impairment	5,056
Effect of foreign exchange	(2)
At June 30	$ 15,858

VI. Credit risk information for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 is provided in Note 12.(4), 'Effects on initial application of IFRS 9 and information on application of IAS 39 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017'.

(c) Liquidity risk

I. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

II. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group is expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

III. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	June 30, 2018	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Floating rate:			
Expiring within 1 year	$ 1,207,306	$ 923,623	$ 1,058,353
Expiring beyond 1 year	1,014,780	1,647,327	442,680
	$ 2,222,086	$ 2,570,950	$ 1,501,033

IV. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2018	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 271,042	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	171,566	-	-	-
Accounts payable	162,162	-	-	-
Other payables	280,832	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	75,512	67,806	340,788	78,016

December 31, 2017	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 216,411	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	115,672	-	-	-
Accounts payable	91,689	-	-	-
Other payables	140,970	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	80,286	324,006	50,699	79,089

June 30, 2017	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 219,660	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	93,365	-	-	-
Accounts payable	77,400	-	-	-
Other payables	174,506	-	-	-
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	65,352	231,356	136,243	-

V. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) <u>Fair value information</u>

A. As of June 30, 2018, December 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017, the Group had no fair value financial instruments.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, other financial assets-non-current, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables and long-term borrowings (including current portion)) are approximate to their fair values.

(4) <u>Effects on initial application of IFRS 9 and information on application of IAS 39 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017</u>

A. Summary of significant accounting policies adopted for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017:

(a) Receivables

Accounts receivable are receivables originated by the entity. They are created by the entity by selling goods or providing services to customers in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. However, short-term accounts receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

I. The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

II. The criteria that the Group uses to determine whether there is objective evidence of an impairment loss is as follows:

(i) Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or debtor;

(ii) The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granted the borrower a concession that a lender would not otherwise consider;

(iii) It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;

(iv) Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial asset in the group, including adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group;

III. When the Group assesses that there has been objective evidence of impairment and an impairment loss has occurred, accounting for impairment is made according of financial assets. The amount of the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate, and is recognized in profit or loss. If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its amortized cost that would have been at the date of reversal had the impairment loss not been recognized previously. Impairment loss is recognized and reversed by adjusting the carrying amount of the asset through the use of an impairment allowance account.

B. Credit risk information for the year ended December 31, 2017 and the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are as follows:

(a) Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. According to the Group's credit policy, the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored. Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents and credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables and committed transactions. For financial institutes, the Group also transacts with many different financial institutions to diversify credit risk.

(b) The ageing analysis of the Group's accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	December 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Up to 30 days	$ 23,282	$ 34,767
31 to 90 days	26,012	15,774
91 to 180 days	5,890	19,081
181 to 365 days	5,343	2,077
	$ 60,527	$ 71,699

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

(c) Movement analysis of the Group’s financial assets that were impaired is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017
	Group provision
At January 1	$ 13,205
Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts (Note)	(2,452)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	(222)
At June 30	$ 10,531

(Note) Listed as ‘other income’.

(d) The Group’s accounts receivable that were neither past due nor impaired were fully performing in line with the credit standards prescribed based on counterparties’ industrial characteristics, scale of business and profitability.

(5) Effects of initial application of IFRS 15 and information on application of IAS 18 for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017

A. The significant accounting policies applied on revenue recognition for the six-month period ended June 30, 2017 are set out below.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable taking into account sales tax, returns, rebates and discounts for the sale of goods to external customers in the ordinary course of the Group’s activities. Revenue arising from the sales of goods is recognized when the Group has delivered the goods to the customer, the amount of sales revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity. The delivery of goods is completed when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, the Group retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold, and the customer has accepted the goods based on the sales contract or there is objective evidence showing that all acceptance provisions have been satisfied.

B. The effects and description of current balance sheet and comprehensive income statement if the Group continues adopting above accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Effects and description of balance sheet:

	June 30, 2018		
Balance sheet items	Balance by using IFRS 15	Balance by using previous accounting policies	Effects from change in accounting policy
Contract liabilities－Current	$ 5,520	$ -	$ 5,520
Advance sales receipts	-	5,520	(5,520)

Explanation:

Advance sales receipts in relation to the contract were previously presented in accordance with previous R.O.C.GAAP. Under IFRS 15 'Revenue from contracts with customers', the advance sales receipts are recognized as contract liabilities.

(b) There is no significant impact on current comprehensive income statement if the Group continues adopting above accounting policies.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

Information related to the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 will be disclosed.

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding $300 million or 20% of the Group's paid-in capital: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 5.

(2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 6.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 7.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 8.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the operating segments based on how the Group's chief operating decision maker regularly reviews information in order to make decisions.

(2) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018					
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION	Chieftek (Kunshan)	cpc Europa	cpc USA	Others	Total
Segment revenue	$ 963,532	$ 314,495	$ 154,445	$ 82,383	$ 8,603	$ 1,523,458
Revenue from internal customers	425,112	-	24	-	8,603	433,739
Revenue from external customers	538,420	314,495	154,421	82,383	-	1,089,719
Interest income	1,301	1,040	-	32	-	2,373
Depreciation and amortization	38,141	439	1,230	26	2,205	42,041
Interest expense	4,542	-	346	-	2,906	7,794
Income from segment pre-tax income	311,998	55,785	3,274	5,273	(3,045)	373,285
Segment assets	2,246,591	456,803	125,118	90,638	297,125	3,216,275

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2017					
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION	Chieftek (Kunshan)	cpc Europa	cpc USA	Others	Total
Segment revenue	$ 486,475	$ 187,613	$ 92,951	$ 68,624	$ -	$ 835,663
Revenue from internal customers	204,326	-	53	-	-	204,379
Revenue from external customers	282,149	187,613	92,898	68,624	-	631,284
Interest income	212	624	-	3	-	839
Depreciation and amortization	54,993	451	1,066	28	-	56,538
Interest expense	4,571	-	421	-	-	4,992
Income from segment pre-tax income	85,528	24,833	2,417	8,804	(577)	121,005
Segment assets	1,829,023	324,456	82,284	72,552	59,296	2,367,611

(3) Reconciliation for segment income

The sales between segments were under the arms' length principle. The external revenues reported to the chief operating decision maker adopt the same measurement for revenues in statement of comprehensive income. The reconciliations of pre-tax income between reportable segments and continuing operations were as follows:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2018	2017
Reportable segments profit before income tax	$ 376,330	$ 121,582
Other segments loss before income tax	(3,045)	(577)
Inter segments income	(47,179)	(27,021)
Profit before income tax	$ 326,106	$ 93,984

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

No. (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Balance at June 30, 2018	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral Item	Collateral Value	Limit on loans granted to a single party (Note 2)	Ceiling on total loans granted (Note 2)	Footnote
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Other receivables	Y	$ 54,360	$ 53,100	$ 28,320	1.5%	Short-term financing	$ -	Operational use	$ -	—	$ -	$ 690,470	$ 690,470	—
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	Other receivables	Y	30,460	30,460	30,460	2.0%	Short-term financing	-	Operational use	-	—	-	690,470	690,470	—

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1)Parent company is ‘0’.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

(Note 2) Calculation of limit on loans granted to a single party and ceiling on total loans granted are as follows:

Short-term financing: The maximum loan amount is 40% of the Company’s net assets and the maximum amount for short-term financing is 40% of its assets.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

No. (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed		Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2018	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2018	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
		Company name	Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor （Note 2）											
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	1	$ 863,087	$ 197,340	$ 194,700	$ 51,684	$ -	11%	$ 863,087	Y	N	N	—
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	1	863,087	60,920	60,920	60,920	-	4%	863,087	Y	N	N	—

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
(1) Parent company is ‘0’.
(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

(Note 2) The following code respresents the relationship with the Company:
(1) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.

(Note 3) (1) The total endorsements/guarantees provided shall not exceed 50% of the Company’s net assets, and the amount provided for each counterparty shall not exceed 20% of the Company’s paid-in capital. However, the limitation is not applied to subsidiaries that the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
(2) For trading partner, except for the abovementioned limit, the maximum amount for individual trading partner shall not exceed the higher of total purchase and sale transations during the most recent year.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

			Transaction				Discription and reasons for difference in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	Subsidiary	(Sales)	($ 110,451)	(11%)	(Note 1)	$ -	(Note 2)	$ 62,447	10%	—
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	(Sales)	(256,546)	(27%)	(Note 1)	-	(Note 2)	164,785	27%	—
cpc Europa GmbH	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	The Company	Purchases	110,451	100%	(Note 1)	-	(Note 3)	(62,147)	(96%)	—
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	The Company	Purchases	256,546	100%	(Note 1)	-	(Note 3)	(164,785)	(100%)	—

(Note 1) 180 days after monthly-closing, T/T.
(Note 2) The collection periods for third parties are from 15 days after monthly-closing to 150 days after next monthly-closing.
(Note 3) The company had no purchases from other suppliers.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Receivables from related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2018

Table 4

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as at June 30, 2018	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	$ 164,785	3.15	$ -	-	$ -	$ -

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 5 | Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction: General ledger account	Transaction: Amount	Transaction: Transaction terms	Transaction: Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	1	Sales revenue	($ 110,451)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(10%)
				Accounts receivable	62,447	–	2%
				Endorsements and guarantees	194,700	–	6%
		CSM Maschinen GmbH	1	Long-term prepayment	69,805	–	2%
				Other receivables	28,573	–	1%
		CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	1	Sales revenue	(58,115)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(5%)
				Accounts receivable	45,891	–	1%
		Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	(256,546)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(24%)
				Accounts receivable	164,785	–	5%
		CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATINAL LLC.	1	Other receivables	30,992	–	1%
				Endorsements and guarantees	60,920	–	2%
1	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATINAL LLC.	3	Lease payable	8,603	–	1%
				Refundable deposits	1,523	–	–

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is ‘0’.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

(Note 2) Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

(Note 3) Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investees

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 6 — Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Initial investment amount		Shares held as at June 30, 2018					
Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Balance as at June 30, 2018	Balance as at December 31, 2017	Number of shares	Ownership (%)	Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Footnote
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Samoa	Professional investment	$ 202,290	$ 202,290	6,760,000	100	$ 326,466	$ 45,744	$ 45,744	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	Germany	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	98,695	98,695	-	100	(12,467)	3,274	3,274	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Germany	Research, manufacture and sale of machineries	726	726	-	80	(6,028)	(6,708)	(5,367)	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	America	Lease of real estate property	15,170	15,170	-	100	15,304	3,527	3,527	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Professional investment	155,346	155,346	5,100,000	100	312,859	43,204	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	America	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	50,564	50,564	1,660,000	100	64,676	3,949	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)

(Note 1) Not required to disclose income (loss) recognized by the Company.
(Note 2) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:30.46) as at June 30, 2018.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 7 | Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2018	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2018	Net income of investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018 (Note 2)	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2018	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2018	Footnote
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan							
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sale services	$ 155,346	Note 1	$ 155,346	$ -	$ -	$ 155,346	$ 43,204	100%	$ 43,204	$ 312,858	$ -	—

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2018	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 3)
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	$ 155,346	$ 155,346	$ 1,035,704

(Note 1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.) which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 2) The investment income (loss) is recognized based on the investees' financial statements that were reviewed by parent company's accountant for the six-month period ended June 30, 2018.

(Note 3) The ceiling amount is 60% of the higher of net worth or consolidated net worth.

(Note 4) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:30.46) as at June 30, 2018.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant transactions conducted with investees in Mainland China directly or indirectly through other companies in the third areas

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2018

Table 8 | Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investee in Mainland China	Sale (purchase) Amount	Sale (purchase) %	Property transaction Amount	Property transaction %	Accounts receivable (payable) Balance at June 30, 2018	Accounts receivable (payable) %	Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals Balance at June 30, 2018	Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals Purpose	Financing Maximum balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Financing Balance at June 30, 2018	Financing Interest rate	Financing Interest during the six-month period ended June 30, 2018	Others
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	$ 256,546	27%	$ -	-	$ 164,785	27%	$ -	-	$ -	$ -	-	$ -	$ -