CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, as well as the consolidated statements of changes in equity and of cash flows for the six-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements and related information disclosed in Note 13 of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT$279,476 thousand and NT$470,986 thousand, constituting 8% and 14% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT$81,235 thousand and NT$190,534 thousand, constituting 5% and 13% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and total comprehensive income of NT$5,135 thousand, NT$1,031 thousand, NT$5,803 thousand, and NT$1,037 thousand, constituting 11%, 2%, 7%, and 1% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods then ended, respectively.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors, that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, and of its consolidated financial performance for the three-month and six-month periods then ended and its consolidated cash flows for the six-month periods then ended in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers” and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Yung-Chih

Independent Accountants

Lin, Tzu-Shu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

Republic of China

August 5, 2020

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

	Assets	Notes	June 30, 2020 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2019 AMOUNT	%	June 30, 2019 AMOUNT	%
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	$ 743,587	21	$ 678,134	21	$ 784,555	23
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost - current	6(2)	7,619	-	7,629	-	-	-
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)	22,788	1	27,559	1	28,377	1
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3) and 12	331,637	9	298,789	9	368,904	11
1200	Other receivables		6,973	-	3,252	-	1,564	-
1220	Current income tax assets	6(22)	13,889	-	2,992	-	3,947	-
130X	Inventories	5 and 6(4)	626,558	18	637,277	19	737,649	21
1410	Prepayments		40,509	1	28,538	1	27,533	1
11XX	**Total current assets**		1,793,560	50	1,684,170	51	1,952,529	57
	Non-current assets							
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5) and 8	1,446,955	41	1,290,959	39	1,129,080	33
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)	132,713	4	130,248	4	133,208	4
1780	Intangible assets	6(7)	115,746	3	120,990	3	123,640	3
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(22)	23,591	1	26,060	1	26,452	1
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(5)	46,062	1	57,161	2	67,234	2
1920	Guarantee deposits paid		8,723	-	7,700	-	6,390	-
1990	Other non-current assets		5,705	-	2,879	-	3,618	-
15XX	**Total non-current assets**		1,779,495	50	1,635,997	49	1,489,622	43
1XXX	**Total assets**		$ 3,573,055	100	$ 3,320,167	100	$ 3,442,151	100

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CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
JUNE 30, 2020, DECEMBER 31, 2019 AND JUNE 30, 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(The consolidated balance sheets as of June 30, 2020 and 2019 are reviewed, not audited)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes	June 30, 2020 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2019 AMOUNT	%	June 30, 2019 AMOUNT	%
	Liabilities							
	Current liabilities							
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(8)(25)	$ 374,606	11	$ 313,315	9	$ 314,912	9
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(15)	1,764	-	3,964	-	2,858	-
2150	Notes payable		104,516	3	79,155	2	107,428	3
2170	Accounts payable		57,400	2	18,711	1	60,585	2
2200	Other payables	6(9)	217,663	6	135,507	4	262,228	8
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(22)	16,044	-	18,700	1	39,297	1
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(6)(25)	5,167	-	4,912	-	4,868	-
2310	Advance receipts		-	-	1,699	-	1,790	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current portion	6(10)(25), 8 and 9	81,928	2	101,136	3	72,225	2
21XX	**Total current liabilities**		859,088	24	677,099	20	866,191	25
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(10)(25), 8 and 9	560,950	16	480,977	15	466,372	14
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(22)	10,989	-	4,211	-	15,708	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(6)(25)	129,204	4	126,431	4	128,898	4
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities	6(11)	6,516	-	6,664	-	7,296	-
25XX	**Total non-current liabilities**		707,659	20	618,283	19	618,274	18
2XXX	**Total liabilities**		1,566,747	44	1,295,382	39	1,484,465	43
	Equity							
	Share capital	6(12)(14)						
3110	Common stock		811,876	23	811,876	25	738,069	21
3150	Stock dividends to be distributed		-	-	-	-	73,807	2
	Capital reserves	6(13)						
3200	Capital surplus		440,667	12	440,667	13	440,667	13
	Retained earnings	6(12)(14)						
3310	Legal reserve		162,016	4	144,552	4	144,552	4
3320	Special reserve		29,394	1	17,047	1	17,047	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings		627,640	18	640,037	19	553,958	16
3400	Other equity interest		(38,735)	(1)	(29,394)	(1)	(10,414)	-
3500	Treasury stocks	6(12)	(26,550)	(1)	-	-	-	-
3XXX	**Total equity**		2,006,308	56	2,024,785	61	1,957,686	57
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Contract Commitments	6(6) and 9						
3X2X	**Total liabilities and equity**		$ 3,573,055	100	$ 3,320,167	100	$ 3,442,151	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended June 30				Six months ended June 30			
			2020		2019		2020		2019	
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(15)	$ 391,285	100	$ 346,047	100	$ 681,775	100	$ 678,378	100
5000	Operating costs	6(4)(6)(11)(20)(21)	(231,076)	(59)	(194,260)	(56)	(391,097)	(57)	(380,077)	(56)
5900	Net operating margin		160,209	41	151,787	44	290,678	43	298,301	44
	Operating expenses	6(7)(11)(20)(21) and 7								
6100	Selling expenses		(19,771)	(5)	(26,116)	(8)	(43,963)	(6)	(55,967)	(8)
6200	General and administrative expenses		(40,073)	(10)	(43,044)	(12)	(79,046)	(12)	(83,615)	(12)
6300	Research and development expenses		(20,247)	(5)	(17,052)	(5)	(35,362)	(5)	(31,898)	(5)
6450	Expected credit impairment loss	12	(2,776)	(1)	(958)	-	(3,797)	(1)	(4,769)	(1)
6000	Total operating expenses		(82,867)	(21)	(87,170)	(25)	(162,168)	(24)	(176,249)	(26)
6900	Operating profit		77,342	20	64,617	19	128,510	19	122,052	18
	Non-operating income and expenses									
7100	Interest income	6(2)(16)	703	-	1,458	-	1,247	-	2,355	-
7010	Other income	6(17)	4,511	1	4,426	1	6,259	1	5,184	1
7020	Other gains and losses	6(18) and 12	(7,877)	(2)	6,632	2	(3,342)	(1)	9,247	1
7050	Finance costs	6(6)(19)	(4,152)	(1)	(4,215)	(1)	(9,038)	(1)	(8,491)	(1)
7000	Total non-operating income and expenses		(6,815)	(2)	8,301	2	(4,874)	(1)	8,295	1
7900	**Profit before income tax**		70,527	18	72,918	21	123,636	18	130,347	19
7950	Income tax expense	6(22)	(16,294)	(4)	(28,843)	(8)	(25,479)	(4)	(41,342)	(6)
8200	**Profit for the period**		$ 54,233	14	$ 44,075	13	$ 98,157	14	$ 89,005	13
	Other comprehensive income (loss) (Net)									
	Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss									
8361	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations		($ 7,662)	(2)	($ 224)	-	($ 9,341)	(1)	$ 6,633	1
8300	**Total other comprehensive income (loss) for the period**		($ 7,662)	(2)	($ 224)	-	($ 9,341)	(1)	$ 6,633	1
8500	**Total comprehensive income for the period**		$ 46,571	12	$ 43,851	13	$ 88,816	13	$ 95,638	14
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(23)								
9750	Basic		$ 0.67		$ 0.54		$ 1.21		$ 1.10	
9850	Diluted		$ 0.67		$ 0.54		$ 1.21		$ 1.09	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Share capital			Retained earnings			Other equity interest		
	Notes	Common stock	Stock dividends to be distributed	Capital reserve	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Financial statements translation differences of foreign operations	Treasury stocks	Total equity
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019										
Balance at January 1, 2019		$ 738,069	$ -	$ 440,667	$ 97,280	$ 12,367	$ 664,519	($ 17,047)	$ -	$1,935,855
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	89,005	-	-	89,005
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	6,633	-	6,633
Total comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-	-	-	89,005	6,633	-	95,638
Appropriations of earnings of 2018:										
Legal reserve		-	-	-	47,272	-	(47,272)	-	-	-
Special reserve		-	-	-	-	4,680	(4,680)	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(9)(14)	-	-	-	-	-	(73,807)	-	-	(73,807)
Stock dividends	6(12)(14)	-	73,807	-	-	-	(73,807)	-	-	-
Balance at June 30, 2019		$ 738,069	$ 73,807	$ 440,667	$ 144,552	$ 17,047	$ 553,958	($ 10,414)	$ -	$1,957,686
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020										
Balance at January 1, 2020		$ 811,876	$ -	$ 440,667	$ 144,552	$ 17,047	$ 640,037	($ 29,394)	$ -	$2,024,785
Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	98,157	-	-	98,157
Other comprehensive loss for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	(9,341)	-	(9,341)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period		-	-	-	-	-	98,157	(9,341)	-	88,816
Legal reserve		-	-	-	17,464	-	(17,464)	-	-	-
Special reserve	6(14)	-	-	-	-	12,347	(12,347)	-	-	-
Cash dividends	6(9)(14)	-	-	-	-	-	(80,743)	-	-	(80,743)
Purchase of treasury stocks	6(12)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,550)	(26,550)
Balance at June 30, 2020		$ 811,876	$ -	$ 440,667	$ 162,016	$ 29,394	$ 627,640	($ 38,735)	($ 26,550)	$2,006,308

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before tax		$ 123,636	$ 130,347
Adjustments			
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)			
Expected credit impairment loss	12	3,797	4,769
Loss on inventory market price decline	6(4)	3,061	265
Depreciation	6(5)(6)(20)	39,267	44,565
Amortization	6(7)(20)	5,717	1,573
Interest income	6(16)	(1,247)	(2,355)
Interest expense	6(19)	9,038	8,491
Changes in operating assets and liabilities			
Changes in operating assets			
Notes receivable		4,771	22,345
Accounts receivable		(36,040)	58,645
Other receivables		(3,721)	10,807
Inventories		8,125	(54,144)
Prepayments		(11,971)	(5,708)
Changes in operating liabilities			
Current contract liabilities		(2,200)	1,030
Notes payable		40,328	(65,104)
Accounts payable		38,689	(8,355)
Other payables		27,181	(2,957)
Advance receipts		(1,699)	9
Net defined benefit liabilities		(148)	(148)
Cash inflow generated from operations		246,584	144,075
Interest received		1,247	2,355
Interest paid		(9,237)	(9,036)
Income tax paid		(29,785)	(98,884)
Net cash flows from operating activities		208,809	38,510

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CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

	Notes	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Decrease in financial assets at amortized cost - current		$ 10	$ -
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(24)	(206,567)	(98,321)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(7)	(483)	(119)
Increase in prepayment for equipment		(17,172)	(35,551)
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(1,023)	(1,314)
(Increase) decrease in other non-current assets		(2,826)	25
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(228,061)	(135,280)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Increase in short-term borrowings	6(25)	61,776	103,444
Payments of lease liability	6(25)	(2,549)	(2,402)
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(25)	400,000	-
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(25)	(338,304)	(23,539)
Purchase of treasury stocks	6(12)	(26,550)	-
Net cash flows from financing activities		94,373	77,503
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		(9,668)	6,422
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		65,453	(12,845)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	678,134	797,400
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	$ 743,587	$ 784,555

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED JUNE 30, 2020 AND 2019
(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)
(REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

(1) CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on October 19, 1998 as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.). and other related regulations. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") primarily engages in the research, development, manufacture and sale of miniature linear guides, miniature ball screws, miniature linear modules, electro-optics equipment and semiconductor process equipment.

(2) The common stocks of the Company have been listed on the Taipei Exchange since December 28, 2012.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on August 5, 2020.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments as endorsed by the FSC effective from 2020 are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8, 'Disclosure initiative - definition of material'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Definition of a business'	January 1, 2020
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7, 'Interest rate benchmark reform'	January 1, 2020
Amendment to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19 - related rent concessions'	June 1, 2020

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Effective date by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from applying IFRS 9'	January 1, 2021
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts – cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 – 2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' endorsed by the FSC.

(2) Basis of preparation

A. Except for the defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5, 'Critical accounting judgments, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty'.

(3) Basis of consolidation

A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:

(a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.

(b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	Ownership (%) June 30, 2020	Ownership (%) December 31, 2019	Ownership (%) June 30, 2019	Note
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. ("CHIEFTEK PRECISION")	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Professional investment	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH ("cpc Europa")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	100	Note 1
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	Lease of real estate property	100	100	100	Note 2
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Research, manufacture and sale of machineries	100	100	100	Note 2
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD. ("cpc USA")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	-	Note 2 Note 3
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Professional investment	100	100	100	-

			Ownership (%)			
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	Note
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	-	-	100	Note 2 Note 3
CHIEFTEK PRECISION (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. ("Chieftek (Kunshan)")	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and after-sales service	100	100	100	-

Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the six-month period ended June 30, 2019 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 2: The financial statements of the entities as of and for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.

Note 3: On December 31, 2019, the Group has commenced organizational restructuring through capital reduction and withdrawing 100% share capital of CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD. from CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD. and transferred the shares to the Company.

The financial statements and related information disclosed in Note 13 of certain insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of $279,476 and $470,986, constituting 8% and 14% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of $81,235 and $190,534, constituting 5% and 13% of the consolidated total liabilities as of June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and total comprehensive income of $5,135, $1,031, $5,803 and $1,037, constituting 11%, 2%, 7% and 1% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.

E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

(a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

(b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.

(c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

(d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

B. Translation of foreign operations

(a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;

ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and

iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

(5) Classification of current and non-current items

A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:

(a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;

(b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;

(c) Assets that are expected to be realized within 12 months from the balance sheet date;

(d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.

B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:

(a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;

(b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;

(c) Liabilities that are to be settled within 12 months from the balance sheet date;

(d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(6) Cash equivalents

A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

(7) Financial assets at amortized cost

A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:

(a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.

(b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

B. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(8) Accounts and notes receivable

A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.

B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(9) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured as financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs") if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(10) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expires.

(11) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses. When the cost of inventory is lower than net realizable value, a write-down is provided and recognized in operating costs. If the circumstances that caused the write-down cease to exist, such that all or part of the write-down is no longer needed, it should be reversed to that extent and recognized as deduction of operating costs.

(12) Property, plant and equipment

A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.

B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	Useful lives
Buildings and structures	3 ～ 50 years
Machinery and equipment	2 ～ 15 years
Transportation equipment	2 ～ 10 years
Office equipment	1 ～ 10 years
Leasehold improvements	2 ～ 15 years
Other equipment	2 ～ 10 years

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessee)－right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

(a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;

(b) Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; and

(c) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:

(a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;

(b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;

(c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and

(d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset’s useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall decrease the carrying amount of right-of-use assets to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference between remeasured lease liability in profit or loss.

(14) Intangible assets

A. Trademarks and patents

Separately acquired trademarks of corporate identity system and patents are stated initially at cost. Trademarks and patents have a finite useful life and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 to 20 years.

B. Computer software

Computer software is stated initially at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

C. Turn-key professional technique

The subsidiary, CSM Maschinen GmbH, was commissioned the Company to develop and design linear guide, robotic arm and equipment for exhibition which are stated initially at cost and amortized over the economic life of Turn-key professional technique of 10 years.

D. Other intangible assets

Technology contribution is stated initially at cost, and regarded as having an indefinite useful life as it is assessed to generate continuous net cash inflow in the foreseeable future. Technology contribution is not amortized, but is tested annually for impairment.

(15) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset’s carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset’s fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

(16) Borrowings

A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term banks loans. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as other non-current assets for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

(17) Notes and accounts payable

A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.

B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

(18) <u>Derecognition of financial liabilities</u>

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

(19) <u>Offsetting financial instruments</u>

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(20) <u>Employee benefits</u>

A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

(b) Defined benefit plans

i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.

ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.

iii.Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

C. Employees’ compensation and directors’ and supervisors’ remuneration

Employees’ compensation and directors’ and supervisors’ remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

(21) Income tax

A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.

B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.

D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.

E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.

G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

(22) Share capital

A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is resolved from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

(23) Dividends

Prior to 2019, dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

From 2019, cash dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Board of Directors. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders, and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

(24) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

A. The Group manufactures and sells linear guide, ball screw and linear modules. Sales are recognized when control of the products has been transferred, being when the products are delivered to the external customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the buyer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

B. Sales revenue is recognized based on the contract price, net of output tax and sales returns and discounts. The sales are made with a credit term of 30 ~ 180 days after monthly closing. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.

C. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(25) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

A. As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is calculated based on the inventory clearance and historical data of discounts. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

B. As of June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of inventories was $626,558.

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Cash:			
Cash on hand	$ 1,313	$ 1,308	$ 1,188
Checking accounts and demand deposits	740,844	675,382	766,064
	742,157	676,690	767,252
Cash Equivalents:			
Time deposits	1,430	1,444	17,303
	$ 743,587	$ 678,134	$ 784,555

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

(2) Financial assets at amortized cost - current

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Time deposits with maturity of over 3 months	$ 7,619	$ 7,629	$ -

A. The Group recognized interest income of $30, $—, $81 and $— from financial assets at amortized cost for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively, shown as part of "Interest Income".

B. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Group was its book value.

C. The Group has no financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

(3) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Notes receivable	$ 22,788	$ 27,559	$ 28,377

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Accounts receivable	$ 360,737	$ 324,703	$ 389,683
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(29,100)	(25,914)	(20,779)
	$ 331,637	$ 298,789	$ 368,904

A. The ageing analysis of the Group's notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019		June 30, 2019	
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable
Not past due	$ 299,581	$ 22,620	$ 240,138	$ 27,450	$ 277,138	$ 28,377
Up to 30 days	16,032	-	12,647	109	25,864	-
31 to 90 days	10,410	-	32,387	-	39,636	-
91 to 180 days	8,177	168	7,936	-	7,510	-
Over 180 days	26,537	-	31,595	-	39,535	-
	$ 360,737	$ 22,788	$ 324,703	$ 27,559	$ 389,683	$ 28,377

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

B. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019, June 30, 2019 and January 1, 2019, the balances of notes receivable and accounts receivable from contracts with customers amounted to $383,525, $352,262, $418,060 and $499,050, respectively.

C. Without taking into account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was its book value.

D. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group does not hold any collateral as security for accounts receivable.

E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

(4) Inventories

	June 30, 2020		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 91,288	($ 475)	$ 90,813
Supplies	65,215	(7,854)	57,361
Work in process	310,448	(7,072)	303,376
Finished goods	212,044	(37,036)	175,008
	$ 678,995	($ 52,437)	$ 626,558

	December 31, 2019		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 83,509	($ 36)	$ 83,473
Supplies	62,618	(5,576)	57,042
Work in process	336,583	(5,945)	330,638
Finished goods	204,410	(38,286)	166,124
	$ 687,120	($ 49,843)	$ 637,277

	June 30, 2019		
	Cost	Allowance for market price decline	Book value
Raw materials	$ 111,809	($ 24)	$ 111,785
Supplies	74,953	(3,817)	71,136
Work in process	380,812	(10,818)	369,994
Finished goods	224,958	(40,224)	184,734
	$ 792,532	($ 54,883)	$ 737,649

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cost of goods sold	$ 227,318	$ 195,699
Loss (gain) on physical inventory	28	(1,556)
Allowance for inventory market price decline	3,760	260
Revenue from sale of scraps	(30)	(143)
	$ 231,076	$ 194,260

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Cost of goods sold	$ 387,883	$ 380,293
Loss (gain) on physical inventory	311	(268)
Allowance for inventory market price decline	3,061	265
Revenue from sale of scraps	(158)	(213)
	$ 391,097	$ 380,077

(5) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1, 2020	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements and other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment before acceptance inspection	Total
Cost	$ 369,768	$ 606,091	$ 896,524	$ 6,654	$ 21,295	$ 146,309	$ 335,290	$ 2,381,931
Accumulated depreciation	-	(151,497)	(788,483)	(4,354)	(17,750)	(128,888)	-	(1,090,972)
	$ 369,768	$ 454,594	$ 108,041	$ 2,300	$ 3,545	$ 17,421	$ 335,290	$ 1,290,959
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020								
At January 1	$ 369,768	$ 454,594	$ 108,041	$ 2,300	$ 3,545	$ 17,421	$ 335,290	$ 1,290,959
Additions	-	844	6,519	-	641	1,990	156,037	166,031
Transferred from prepayments for equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,271	28,271
Transferred after acceptance inspection	-	-	41,276	-	-	2,520	(43,796)	-
Depreciation	-	(8,967)	(21,991)	(260)	(850)	(4,087)	-	(36,155)
Disposals－Cost	-	-	(96)	-	(29)	(71)	-	(196)
－Accumulated depreciation	-	-	96	-	29	71	-	196
Net currency exchange differences	(618)	(1,365)	(137)	(4)	(8)	(19)	-	(2,151)
At June 30, 2020	$ 369,150	$ 445,106	$ 133,708	$ 2,036	$ 3,328	$ 17,825	$ 475,802	$ 1,446,955
At June 30, 2020								
Cost	$ 369,150	$ 605,319	$ 943,859	$ 6,611	$ 21,844	$ 150,680	$ 475,802	$ 2,573,265
Accumulated depreciation	-	(160,213)	(810,151)	(4,575)	(18,516)	(132,855)	-	(1,126,310)
	$ 369,150	$ 445,106	$ 133,708	$ 2,036	$ 3,328	$ 17,825	$ 475,802	$ 1,446,955

At January 1, 2019	Land	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Leasehold improvements and other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment before acceptance inspection	Total
Cost	$ 371,065	$ 594,260	$ 862,353	$ 5,444	$ 18,722	$ 140,948	$ 53,833	$ 2,046,625
Accumulated depreciation	-	(129,677)	(738,907)	(4,136)	(16,936)	(121,399)	-	(1,011,055)
	$ 371,065	$ 464,583	$ 123,446	$ 1,308	$ 1,786	$ 19,549	$ 53,833	$ 1,035,570
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019								
At January 1	$ 371,065	$ 464,583	$ 123,446	$ 1,308	$ 1,786	$ 19,549	$ 53,833	$ 1,035,570
Additions	-	54	17,320	-	167	1,637	92,877	112,055
Transferred from prepayments for equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,054	21,054
Transferred after acceptance inspection	-	-	4,725	-	-	102	(4,827)	-
Depreciation	-	(9,438)	(28,037)	(132)	(447)	(3,551)	-	(41,605)
Disposals－Cost	-	-	(1,354)	-	(50)	-	-	(1,404)
－Accumulated depreciation	-	-	1,354	-	50	-	-	1,404
Net currency exchange differences	608	1,319	64	2	4	9	-	2,006
At June 30	$ 371,673	$ 456,518	$ 117,518	$ 1,178	$ 1,510	$ 17,746	$ 162,937	$ 1,129,080
At June 30, 2019								
Cost	$ 371,673	$ 595,766	$ 883,231	$ 5,463	$ 18,875	$ 142,721	$ 162,937	$ 2,180,666
Accumulated depreciation	-	(139,248)	(765,713)	(4,285)	(17,365)	(124,975)	-	(1,051,586)
	$ 371,673	$ 456,518	$ 117,518	$ 1,178	$ 1,510	$ 17,746	$ 162,937	$ 1,129,080

A. Property, plant and equipment of the Group were all for operating purposes as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment.

C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019 is provided in Note 8, 'Pledged assets'.

(6) Leasing arrangements－lessee

A. The Group leases land in Southern Taiwan Science Park of Ministry of Science and Technology. Rental contracts are typically made for a period of 20 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

B. The Group leases various assets including offices, warehouses and business vehicles. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the future lease commitments for short-term leases amounted to $5,972, $11,724 and $6,169, respectively.

C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

Carrying amount:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Land	$ 132,713	$ 130,248	$ 133,208

Depreciation charge:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Land	$ 1,556	$ 1,480

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Land	$ 3,112	$ 2,960

D. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group has no additions to right-of-use assets.

E. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Items affecting profit or loss		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	$ 608	$ 605
Expense on short-term lease contracts	$ 2,920	$ 3,035

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Items affecting profit or loss		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	$ 1,221	$ 1,215
Expense on short-term lease contracts	$ 5,972	$ 6,169

F. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were $9,742 and $9,786, respectively.

(7) Intangible assets

	Trademarks	Patents	Software	Turn-key professional technique	Others	Total
At January 1, 2020						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,323	$ 12,746	$ 90,718	$ 60,000	$ 173,365
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(3,114)	(10,606)	-	(13,500)	(27,798)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(24,577)	(24,577)
Net value	$ -	$ 6,209	$ 2,140	$ 90,718	$ 21,923	$ 120,990
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020						
Net value at January 1, 2020	$ -	$ 6,209	$ 2,140	$ 90,718	$ 21,923	$ 120,990
Additions－acquired separately	-	459	24	-	-	483
Amortization	-	(300)	(881)	(4,536)	-	(5,717)
Net currency exchange differences	-	-	(10)	-	-	(10)
Net value at June 30, 2020	$ -	$ 6,368	$ 1,273	$ 86,182	$ 21,923	$ 115,746
At June 30, 2020						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,782	$ 12,747	$ 90,718	$ 60,000	$ 173,825
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(3,414)	(11,474)	(4,536)	(13,500)	(33,502)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(24,577)	(24,577)
Net value	$ -	$ 6,368	$ 1,273	$ 86,182	$ 21,923	$ 115,746

	Trademarks	Patents	Software	Turn-key professional technique	Others	Total
At January 1, 2019						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,288	$ 12,777	$ 91,779	$ 60,000	$ 174,422
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(2,528)	(8,262)	-	(13,500)	(24,868)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(24,577)	(24,577)
Net value	$ -	$ 6,760	$ 4,515	$ 91,779	$ 21,923	$ 124,977
For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019						
Net value at January 1, 2019	$ -	$ 6,760	$ 4,515	$ 91,779	$ 21,923	$ 124,977
Additions－acquired separately	-	35	84	-	-	119
Amortization	-	(293)	(1,280)	-	-	(1,573)
Net currency exchange differences	-	-	4	113	-	117
Net value at June 30, 2019	$ -	$ 6,502	$ 3,323	$ 91,892	$ 21,923	$ 123,640
At June 30, 2019						
Cost	$ 578	$ 9,323	$ 12,539	$ 91,892	$ 60,000	$ 174,332
Accumulated amortization	(578)	(2,821)	(9,216)	-	(13,500)	(26,115)
Accumulated impairment	-	-	-	-	(24,577)	(24,577)
Net value	$ -	$ 6,502	$ 3,323	$ 91,892	$ 21,923	$ 123,640

A. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of intangible assets.

B. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,			
	2020		2019	
General and administrative expenses	$	217	$	277
Research and development expenses		2,578		527
	$	2,795	$	804

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,			
	2020		2019	
General and administrative expenses	$	453	$	547
Research and development expenses		5,264		1,026
	$	5,717	$	1,573

(8) Short-term borrowings

Nature	June 30, 2020		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$	343,000	0.51%～0.95%	None
Bank secured borrowings		31,606	1.30%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$	374,606		

Nature	December 31, 2019		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$	220,000	0.85%～1.03%	None
Bank secured borrowings		93,315	1.3%～3.43%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$	313,315		

Nature	June 30, 2019		Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	$	230,000	0.96%～1.03%	None
Bank secured borrowings		84,912	1.30%	Endorsements and guarantees by the Company
	$	314,912		

For more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, please refer to Note 6(19), 'Finance costs'.

(9) Other payables

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Dividends payable	$ 80,743	$ -	$ 73,807
Accrued salaries and bonuses	54,319	47,840	53,698
Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration payable	41,679	20,500	83,097
Equipment payable	5,032	30,601	10,670
Others	35,890	36,566	40,956
	$ 217,663	$ 135,507	$ 262,228

(10) Long-term borrowings

Nature	Expiry date	June 30, 2020	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	January 24, 2023～ May 15, 2027	$ 445,378	1.23%～ 4.43%	Land, buildings and structures
Unsecured borrowings	February 22, 2022～ May 15, 2027	197,500	1.25%～ 1.30%	None
		642,878		
Less: Current portion		(81,928)		
		$ 560,950		

Nature	Expiry date	December 31, 2019	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	October 5, 2022～ August 25, 2024	$ 424,113	1.35%～ 4.43%	Land, buildings and structures
Unsecured borrowings	November 1, 2020～ October 5, 2022	158,000	1.25%～ 1.80%	None
		582,113		
Less: Current portion		(101,136)		
		$ 480,977		

Nature	Expiry date	June 30, 2019	Interest rate range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings				
Secured borrowings	September 23, 2021～ August 25, 2024	$ 478,597	1.27%～ 4.43%	Land, buildings and structures
Unsecured borrowings	November 1, 2020～ October 5, 2022	60,000	1.29%～ 1.80%	None
		538,597		
Less: Current portion		(72,225)		
		$ 466,372		

For more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, please refer to Note 6(19), 'Finance costs'.

(11) Pensions

A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by next March.

(b) No pension cost was recognized under the aforementioned defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019.

(c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the year ending December 31, 2020 amount to $297.

B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The other subsidiaries are subject to local government sponsored defined contribution plan. In accordance with related laws of the respective local government, the independent pension fund of employees is administered by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, these subsidiaries do not have further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were $3,073, $3,917, $6,732 and $8,501, respectively.

(12) Share capital - common stock and stock dividends to be distributed

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Balance at beginning of period	81,188	73,807
Purchase of treasury stocks	(445)	-
Balance at end of period	80,743	73,807

B. On June 12, 2019, the Company's stockholders adopted a resolution to issue shares of common stock due to capitalization of retained earnings of $73,807 and obtained approval from the SFC. The effective date of capitalization was set on August 7, 2019.

C. Treasury stocks

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury stocks are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020			
Reason for reacquisition	Shares at beginning of period	Increase	Decrease	Shares at end of period
To be reissued to employees	-	445	-	445

No treasury stocks were reacquired or retired by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2019.

(b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury stock should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the treasury shares amounted to $26,550, $－ and $－, respectively.

(c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury stocks should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.

(d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury stocks should be reissued to the employees within 5 years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the 5-year period are to be retired.

D. As of June 30, 2020, the Company's authorized capital was $1,500,000 (including $30,000 reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was $811,876 (81,188 thousand shares) with par value of $10 (in dollars) per share.

(13) Capital reserve

For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019	Share premium	Others	Total
Balances at beginning and end of period	$ 440,553	$ 114	$ 440,667

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital reserve to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

(14) Retained earnings

A. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit, to issue new stocks, or to distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted provided that the balance of such reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.

B. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's dividend policy is to distribute the current year's earnings, if any, in the following order:

(1) pay all taxes and dues;

(2) offset any loss of prior years;

(3) set aside 10% as legal reserve;

(4) set aside or reverse special reserve as required by regulations or the Competent Authority;

(5) The appropriation of the remaining amount after deducting items (1) to (4), along with the unappropriated retained earnings of prior years can be distributed in accordance with a resolution passed during a meeting of the Board of Directors and approved at the shareholders' meeting. However, the distribution of dividends shall not be lower than 20% of the current year's profit after deducting items (1) to (4). In order to continually expand the scale of operations, increase competitiveness and support the Company's long-term development plans, future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the Company's dividend policy is to distribute stock dividends and partially as cash dividends. Cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Company shall adopt a resolution by a majority of more than two-thirds of the directors present to distribute whole or a part of the distributable dividends, bonuses, capital reserves or legal reserve in the form of cash, and report to the shareholders during their meetings, which is not applicable to the aforementioned provisions that are subject to shareholders' resolutions.

C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings. As of December 31, 2019, pursuant to the regulations for the deduction amount to stockholders' equity from other equity items, the Company has set aside special reserve of $29,394, which cannot be distributed to shareholders.

D. The Company recognized cash dividends distributed to owners amounting to $73,087 ($1.0 (in dollars) per share) and stock dividends amounting to $73,807 ($1.0 (in dollars) per share) for the year ended December 31, 2019. On April 28, 2020, the Board of Directors during its meeting resolved to distribute cash dividends from 2019 earnings of $80,743 ($1.0 (in dollars) per share), which have not yet been distributed.

(15) Operating revenue

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Revenue from contracts with customers	$ 391,285	$ 346,047

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Revenue from contracts with customers	$ 681,775	$ 678,378

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in segments. Please refer to Note 14, 'Segment information' for details.

B. The Group has recognized revenue-related contract liabilities amounting to $1,764, $3,964, $2,858 and $1,828 as of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019, June 30, 2019 and January 1, 2019, respectively. Revenue recognized that were included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of 2020 and 2019 for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 were $1,778, $24, $2,525, and $188, respectively.

(16) Interest income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Interest income from bank deposits	$ 673	$ 1,455
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	30	-
Other interest income	-	3
	$ 703	$ 1,458

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Interest income from bank deposits	$ 1,163	$ 2,349
Interest income from financial assets measured at amortized cost	81	-
Other interest income	3	6
	$ 1,247	$ 2,355

(17) Other income

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Other income – others	$ 4,511	$ 4,426

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Other income – others	$ 6,259	$ 5,184

(18) Other gains and losses

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Currency exchange (loss) gain	($ 7,861)	$ 6,632
Other losses	(16)	-
	($ 7,877)	$ 6,632

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Currency exchange (loss) gain	($ 3,325)	$ 9,247
Other losses	(17)	-
	($ 3,342)	$ 9,247

(19) Finance costs

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Interest expense:		
Interest expense on bank borrowings	$ 3,544	$ 3,610
Interest expense on lease liabilities	608	605
	$ 4,152	$ 4,215

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Interest expense:		
Interest expense on bank borrowings	$ 7,817	$ 7,276
Interest expense on lease liabilities	1,221	1,215
	$ 9,038	$ 8,491

(20) Expenses by nature

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 61,107	$ 47,919	$ 109,026
Depreciation	15,505	4,490	19,995
Amortization	-	2,795	2,795
	$ 76,612	$ 55,204	$ 131,816

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 58,457	$ 50,124	$ 108,581
Depreciation	17,397	3,291	20,688
Amortization	-	804	804
	$ 75,854	$ 54,219	$ 130,073

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 115,525	$ 93,192	$ 208,717
Depreciation	30,835	8,432	39,267
Amortization	-	5,717	5,717
	$ 146,360	$ 107,341	$ 253,701

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefit expense	$ 119,422	$ 100,578	$ 220,000
Depreciation	36,774	7,791	44,565
Amortization	-	1,573	1,573
	$ 156,196	$ 109,942	$ 266,138

(21) Employee benefit expense

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 52,728	$ 43,411	$ 96,139
Labor and health insurance expense	4,351	2,181	6,532
Pension costs	1,901	1,172	3,073
Other personnel expenses	2,127	1,155	3,282
	$ 61,107	$ 47,919	$ 109,026

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 48,283	$ 45,243	$ 93,526
Labor and health insurance expense	5,722	1,770	7,492
Pension costs	2,331	1,586	3,917
Other personnel expenses	2,121	1,525	3,646
	$ 58,457	$ 50,124	$ 108,581

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 98,360	$ 82,820	$ 181,180
Labor and health insurance expense	9,009	5,003	14,012
Pension costs	3,927	2,805	6,732
Other personnel expenses	4,229	2,564	6,793
	$ 115,525	$ 93,192	$ 208,717

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Operating cost	Operating expense	Total
Wages and salaries	$ 97,272	$ 89,190	$ 186,462
Labor and health insurance expense	12,740	5,080	17,820
Pension costs	5,270	3,231	8,501
Other personnel expenses	4,140	3,077	7,217
	$ 119,422	$ 100,578	$ 220,000

A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 3% to 15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.

B. For the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Company's employees' compensation was accrued at $9,407, $10,001, $16,943 and $17,667, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at $2,352, $2,501, $4,236 and $4,417, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses, and were estimated and accrued based on the profit as of the end of the reporting period and the percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company.

The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2019 as resolved by the Board of Directors were $16,000 and $4,500, respectively, and the employees' compensation will be distributed in the form of cash. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2019 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognized in the 2019 financial statements. The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2019 have not yet been distributed.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(22) Income tax

A. Income tax expense:

Components of income tax expense:

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Current income tax:		
Income tax incurred in current period	$ 16,523	$ 25,747
Tax on unappropriated earnings	-	13,586
Prior year income tax (over) under estimation	(2,832)	1,129
Total current income tax	13,691	40,462
Deferred income tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	2,603	(11,619)
Income tax expense	$ 16,294	$ 28,843

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Current income tax:		
Income tax incurred in current period	$ 20,098	$ 36,122
Tax on unappropriated earnings	-	13,586
Prior year income tax (over) under estimation	(3,866)	1,129
Total current income tax	16,232	50,837
Deferred income tax:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	9,247	(9,495)
Income tax expense	$ 25,479	$ 41,342

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2018 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. There were no disputes existing between the Company and the Tax Authority as of August 5, 2020.

(23) Earnings per share ("EPS")

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 54,233	80,743	$ 0.67
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 54,233	80,743	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	188	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 54,233	80,931	$ 0.67

	For the three-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 44,075	81,188	$ 0.54
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 44,075	81,188	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	221	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 44,075	81,409	$ 0.54

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 98,157	80,953	$ 1.21
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 98,157	80,953	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	258	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 98,157	81,211	$ 1.21

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019		
	Amount after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	EPS (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 89,005	81,188	$ 1.10
Diluted earnings per share			
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	$ 89,005	81,188	
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	426	
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	$ 89,005	81,614	$ 1.09

(24) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	$ 166,031	$ 112,055
Add: Opening balance of notes payable	25,323	3,633
Opening balance of payable for equipment	30,601	14,821
Less: Ending balance of notes payable	(10,356)	(21,518)
Ending balance of payable for equipment	(5,032)	(10,670)
Cash paid during the period	$ 206,567	$ 98,321

B. Investing and financing activities with no cash flow effects

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019
(a) Write-offs of allowance for bad debts	$ 6	$ -

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019
(b) Prepayments for equipment reclassified to property, plant and equipment	$ 28,271	$ 21,054

	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020	For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2019
(c) Cash dividends appropriation	$ 80,743	$ 73,807
Less: Ending balance of cash dividends payable (listed as 'other payables')	(80,743)	(73,807)
Cash outflows for cash dividends appropriation	$ -	$ -

(25) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

	Short-term borrowings	Lease liability	Long-term borrowings	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2020	$ 313,315	$ 131,343	$ 582,113	$ 1,026,771
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	61,776	(2,549)	61,696	120,923
Changes in cash flow from other non-financing activities	-	5,577	-	5,577
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	(485)	-	(931)	(1,416)
At June 30, 2020	$ 374,606	$ 134,371	$ 642,878	$ 1,151,855

	Short-term borrowings	Lease liability	Long-term borrowings	Liabilities from financing activities-gross
At January 1, 2019	$ 210,407	$ -	$ 561,184	$ 771,591
Effects of retrospective application	-	136,168	-	136,168
Balance at January 1 after adjustments	210,407	136,168	561,184	907,759
Changes in cash flow from financing activities	103,444	(2,402)	(23,539)	77,503
Impact of changes in foreign exchange rate	1,061	-	952	2,013
At June 30, 2019	$ 314,912	$ 133,766	$ 538,597	$ 987,275

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) Significant transactions and balances with related parties

None.

(2) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	$ 8,724	$ 8,080

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	$ 16,894	$ 16,363

8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book value			
Asset pledged	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019	Purpose of collateral
Land (Note)	$ 369,150	$ 369,768	$ 371,673	Guarantee for long-term borrowings
Buildings and structures-net (Note)	414,606	354,146	422,959	Guarantee for long-term borrowings
Construction in Progress (Note)	145,250	-	-	Guarantee for long-term borrowings
	$ 929,006	$ 723,914	$ 794,632	

(Note) Listed as 'Property, plant and equipment'.

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

(1) As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, cpc Europa GmbH, amounted to $149,715, $201,540 and

$159,210, respectively, and the actual amounts drawn down were $31,606, $45,347 and $47,763, respectively; the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, CSM Maschinen GmbH, amounted to $－, $50,385 and $53,070, respectively, and the actual amounts drawn down were $－, $－ and $37,149, respectively; the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC, amounted to $－, $59,960 and $62,120, respectively, and the actual amounts drawn down were $－, $47,968 and $－, respectively.

(2) As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group's remaining balance due for construction in progress and prepayments for equipment were $474,287, $625,769 and $777,892, respectively.

(3) On February 19, 2020, the Company entered into a mid-term secured syndicated loan contract for a credit line facility of $2,900,000 with 11 financial institutions including Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.. The credit term is 7 years. Under the terms of the syndicated loan, the Company agrees that:

A. The financial ratios stated in the Company's semi-annual reviewed financial statements and annual audited financial statements shall meet the following financial ratios which will be assessed semi-annually:

(a) Current ratio (current assets/current liabilities): At least 100%.

(b) Liability ratio (total liabilities/net equity): Less than 220% in 2020; less than 200% in 2021 and 2022; less than 180% from 2023.

(c) Tangible net value (shareholders' equity less intangible assets): At least $1,000,000.

B. If the Company violates the above financial covenants, the Company should improve within 9 months after the fiscal year or half fiscal year. It will not be considered to default, if the audited or reviewed financial rates comply with the covenants after the improvement period. During the improvement period, the credit line which has not been withdrawn will be frozen, until the financial covenants are met. In addition, for withdrawn credit, its financing rate shall be increased by an additional 0.125% per annum from the date after the notification by the management bank to the date after the completion of improvement.

As of June 30, 2020, the Company has not violated any of the above covenants.

(4) For the details of operating lease agreements, please refer to Note 6(6), 'Leasing arrangements－lessee'.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce the level of debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Details of the Group's financial instruments by category are provided in Note 6.

B. Financial risk management policies

(a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

(a) Market risk

I. Foreign exchange risk

(i) The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries denominated in various functional currency, primarily with respect to USD, EUR and JPY. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

(ii) Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.

(iii) The Group treasury's risk management policy is to hedge anticipated cash flows (mainly sale export and purchase of inventory) in the major foreign currency in the future so as to decrease the risk exposure in the major foreign currency.

(iv) The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. However, as the objective of the net investments in foreign operations is for strategic purposes, the Group does not hedged the investments.

(v) The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD, the subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, EUR and CNY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	June 30, 2020			
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)	
(Foreign currency: functional currency)				
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	$ 12,525	29.63	$ 371,117	
JPY:NTD	16,435	0.2751	4,521	
EUR:NTD	730	33.27	24,285	
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items				
USD:NTD	57	29.63	1,699	
JPY:NTD	10,112	0.2751	2,782	
EUR:NTD	633	33.27	21,076	

	December 31, 2019		
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	$ 11,917	29.98	$ 357,279
JPY:NTD	63,563	0.2760	17,543
EUR:NTD	1,826	33.59	61,352
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	5	29.98	154
JPY:NTD	337	0.2760	93
EUR:NTD	183	33.59	6,264

	June 30, 2019		
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currency)			
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	$ 10,631	31.06	$ 330,184
JPY:NTD	51,992	0.2886	15,005
EUR:NTD	1,939	35.38	68,593
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	30	31.06	929
JPY:NTD	3,303	0.2886	953
EUR:NTD	968	35.38	34,235

Sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk is primarily for foreign currency monetary items at financial reporting date. If the exchange rate of NTD to other currencies had appreciated/depreciated by 1% with all other factors remaining constant, the Group’s net profit (loss) after tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 would increase/decrease by $2,995 and $3,014, respectively.

(vi)The total exchange (loss) gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month and six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 amounted to ($7,861), $6,632, ($3,325) and $9,247, respectively.

II. Price risk

The Group did not engage in any financial instruments with price variations, thus, the Group does not expect market risk arising from variations in the market prices.

III. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

(i)The Group’s main interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. However, partial interest rate risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. For the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Group’s borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD and EUR.

(ii)The Group’s borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.

(iii) If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the six-month periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 would have decreased/increased by $625 and $582, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

I. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.

II. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group’s concern. According to the Group’s credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.

III. The Group manages its credit risk, whereby if the contract payments are past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition and the impairment is assessed when the contract payments are past due over certain days.

IV. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to $672, $666 and $－, respectively.

V. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with the credit rating of customers and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix and the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to estimate expected credit loss. The expected credit loss ranges from 2% to 100%. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
	Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable
At January 1	$ 25,914	$ 15,885
Provision for impairment	3,797	4,769
Write-offs	(6)	-
Effect of foreign exchange	(605)	125
At June 30	$ 29,100	$ 20,779

(c) Liquidity risk

I. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.

II. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group is expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

III. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019	June 30, 2019
Floating rate:			
Expiring within one year	$ 1,150,109	$ 1,417,801	$ 1,409,488
Expiring beyond one year	2,900,000	930,308	890,000
	$ 4,050,109	$ 2,348,109	$ 2,299,488

IV. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

June 30, 2020	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 375,514	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	104,516	-	-	-
Accounts payable	57,400	-	-	-
Other payables	217,663	-	-	-
Lease liability	7,539	7,539	22,618	124,400
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	92,218	97,343	346,980	145,599

December 31, 2019	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 314,099	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	79,155	-	-	-
Accounts payable	18,711	-	-	-
Other payables	135,507	-	-	-
Lease liability	7,232	7,232	21,697	122,948
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	112,116	115,108	387,753	-

June 30, 2019	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	More than 5 years
Non-derivative financial liabilities:				
Short-term borrowings	$ 315,834	$ -	$ -	$ -
Notes payable	107,428	-	-	-
Accounts payable	60,585	-	-	-
Other payables	262,228	-	-	-
Lease liability	7,232	7,232	21,697	126,565
Long-term borrowings (including current portion)	83,007	79,913	413,212	6

V. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

A. As of June 30, 2020, December 31, 2019 and June 30, 2019, the Group had no fair value financial instruments.

B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost - current, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, lease liabilities (current and non-current) and long-term borrowings (including current portion) are approximate to their fair values.

(4) Other

As a cross-border operating group, due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, certain nations have taken prevention measures, which have reduced business activities and affected the sales of some operating entities of the Group in certain countries. The Group has taken relevant countermeasures, such as keeping in close contact with customers and manufacturers, strengthening employee health monitoring and continuing to pay attention to the development of the epidemic, in order to mitigate the impact on operations, but the actual extent of the possible impact will depend on the subsequent development of the pandemic.

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(According to the regulatory requirement, only information for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 is disclosed.)

(1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: Please refer to table 1.

B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 2.

C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.

D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding $300 million or 20% of the Group's paid-in capital: None.

E. Acquisition of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 3.

F. Disposal of real estate reaching $300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.

G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 4.

H. Receivables from related parties reaching $100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 5.

I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.

J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 6.

(1) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 7.

(2) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Please refer to table 8.

B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 9.

(3) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 10.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the operating segments based on how the Group's chief operating decision maker regularly reviews information in order to make decisions.

(2) Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020					
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION	Chieftek (Kunshan)	cpc Europa	cpc USA	Others	Total
Segment revenue	$ 548,485	$ 198,406	$ 132,002	$ 73,179	$ 6,159	$ 958,231
Inter-segment revenue	270,297	-	-	-	6,159	276,456
External revenue	278,188	198,406	132,002	73,179	-	681,775
Interest income	385	603	1	174	84	1,247
Depreciation and amortization	41,549	192	1,270	329	1,644	44,984
Capital expenditures	182,967	-	91	628	-	183,686
Interest expense	6,589	-	249	-	2,200	9,038
Segment pre-tax income	120,016	23,312	7,275	6,836	212	157,651
Segment assets	2,838,582	337,033	106,000	88,710	202,730	3,573,055
Segment liabilities	1,433,660	7,904	43,947	778	80,458	1,566,747

	For the six-month period ended June 30, 2019					
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION	Chieftek (Kunshan)	cpc Europa	cpc USA	Others	Total
Segment revenue	$ 545,317	$ 140,045	$ 167,831	$ 84,715	$ 5,531	$ 943,439
Inter-segment revenue	259,526	-	4	-	5,531	265,061
External revenue	285,791	140,045	167,827	84,715	-	678,378
Interest income	1,040	979	-	189	147	2,355
Depreciation and amortization	41,644	244	1,407	1,166	1,677	46,138
Capital expenditures	146,563	111	90	961	-	147,725
Interest expense	6,091	-	118	-	2,282	8,491
Segment pre-tax income	125,140	11,427	5,973	6,701	(5,876)	143,365
Segment assets	2,652,579	318,722	154,819	98,089	217,942	3,442,151
Segment liabilities	1,289,752	4,179	65,401	1,033	124,100	1,484,465

(3) Reconciliation for segment income

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segments pre-tax income to profit before income tax from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	For the six-month periods ended June 30,	
	2020	2019
Reportable segments pre-tax income	$ 157,439	$ 149,241
Other segments pre-tax gain (loss)	212	(5,876)
Inter segments gain	(34,015)	(13,018)
Profit before income tax	$ 123,636	$ 130,347

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Loans to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 1

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 1)	Creditor	Borrower	General ledger account	Is a related party	Maximum outstanding balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Balance at June 30, 2020	Actual amount drawn down	Interest rate	Nature of loan	Amount of transactions with the borrower	Reason for short-term financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit on loans granted to a single party （Note 2）	Ceiling on total loans granted （Note 2）	Footnote
													Item	Value			
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	Other receivables	Y	$ 48,304	$ -	$ -	2.0%	Short-term financing	$ -	Operational use	$ -	—	$ -	$ 802,523	$ 802,523	—

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is ‘0’.

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

(Note 2) Calculation of limit on loans granted to a single party and ceiling on total loans granted are as follows:

The limit on total amount of loan granted to certain entities with short-term fainancing need is set at 40% of the Company’s net assets: the limit on an amount of loan granted to a single entity could not exceed 40% of the Company’s net assets.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 2

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 1)	Endorser/ guarantor	Party being endorsed/guaranteed: Company name	Party being endorsed/guaranteed: Relationship with the endorser/ guarantor (Note 2)	Limit on endorsements/ guarantees provided for a single party (Note 3)	Maximum outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount as of June 30, 2020	Outstanding endorsement/ guarantee amount at June 30, 2020	Actual amount drawn down	Amount of endorsements/ guarantees secured with collateral	Ratio of accumulated endorsement/ guarantee amount to net asset value of the endorser/ guarantor company	Ceiling on total amount of endorsements/ guarantees provided (Note 3)	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by parent company to subsidiary	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees by subsidiary to parent company	Provision of endorsements/ guarantees to the party in Mainland China	Footnote
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	1	$ 1,003,154	$ 199,740	$ 149,715	$ 31,606	$ -	7%	$ 1,003,154	Y	N	N	–
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	1	1,003,154	49,935	-	-	-	–	1,003,154	Y	N	N	–
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	1	1,003,154	60,500	-	-	-	–	1,003,154	Y	N	N	–

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
(1) Parent company is '0'.
(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

(Note 2) The following code respresents the relationship with the Company:
(1) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.

(Note 3) (1) The total endorsements/guarantees provided shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net assets, and the amount provided for each counterparty shall not exceed 20% of the Company's paid-in capital. However, the limitation is not applied to subsidiaries that the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
(2) For trading partner, except for the abovementioned limit, the maximum amount for individual trading partner shall not exceed the higher of total purchase and sale transations during the most recent year.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Acquisition of real estate reaching NT$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 3

Expressed in thousands of NTD

							If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last transaction of the real estate is disclosed below:						
Real estate acquired by	Real estate acquired	Date of the event	Transaction amount	Status of payment	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Original owner who sold the real estate to the counterparty	Relationship between the original owner and the acquirer	Date of the original transaction	Amount	Basis or reference used in setting the price	Reason for acquisition of real estate and status of the real estate	Other commitments
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Sugu new factory construcion phase II	May 17, 2019	$ 454,419	$ 234,840	Hong Sheng Construction Corp.	—	—	—	—	$ -	Negotiation	Building for operation use	—

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 4 | Expressed in thousands of NTD

			Transaction				Differences in transaction terms compared to third party transactions		Notes/accounts receivable (payable)		
Purchaser/seller	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Purchases (sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Credit term	Unit price	Credit term	Balance	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	Footnote
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	(Sales)	($ 167,334)	(31%)	(Note 1)	$ -	(Note 2)	$ 144,446	36%	—
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Parent company	Purchases	167,334	100%	(Note 1)	-	(Note 3)	(144,446)	(100%)	—

(Note 1) 180 days after monthly- closing, T/T.

(Note 2) The Company's collection terms to third parties are 30 to 180 days after monthly statements.

(Note 3) The company has no purchase transactions with other suppliers.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Receivables from related parties reaching NT$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

June 30, 2020

Table 5

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Creditor	Counterparty	Relationship with the counterparty	Balance as of June 30, 2020	Turnover rate	Overdue receivables		Amount collected subsequent to the balance sheet date	Allowance for doubtful accounts
					Amount	Action taken		
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	$ 144,446	2.26	$ -	—	$ 35,318	$ -

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 6

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Transaction: General ledger account	Transaction: Amount	Transaction: Transaction terms	Transaction: Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	1	Sales revenue	($ 63,282)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(9%)
				Accounts receivable	62,777	–	2%
				Endorsements and guarantees	149,715	–	4%
		CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	1	Sales revenue	(39,681)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(6%)
				Accounts receivable	31,059	–	1%
		Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	(167,334)	180 days after monthly-closing, T/T	(25%)
				Accounts receivable	144,446	–	4%
1	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	3	Dividends receivable	27,992	–	1%
2	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATINAL LLC	3	Rent payment	6,159	–	1%
				Refundable deposits	1,482	–	–
3	Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	3	Dividend income	(50,087)	–	(7%)
				Dividends receivable	50,087	–	1%

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:
(1) Parent company is ‘0’.
(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from ‘1’.

(Note 2) Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:
(1) Parent company to subsidiary.
(2) Subsidiary to parent company.
(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

(Note 3) Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

(Note 4) Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods are not disclosed since these were corresponding transactions. Only transactions over a million are material.

(Note 5) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:29.63) as of June 30, 2020.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	Initial investment amount: Balance as at June 30, 2020	Initial investment amount: Balance as at December 31, 2019	Shares held as at June 30, 2020: Number of shares	Shares held as at June 30, 2020: Ownership (%)	Shares held as at June 30, 2020: Book value	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Footnote
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Samoa	Professional investment	$ 152,263	$ 152,263	5,100,000	100	$ 224,442	$ 21,066	$ 21,066	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	Germany	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	98,695	98,695	-	100	1,362	7,275	7,275	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Germany	Research, manufacture and sale of machineries	19,349	19,349	-	100	112	(627)	(627)	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	United States of America	Lease of real estate property	110,054	61,551	-	100	106,771	815	815	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	United States of America	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	50,027	50,027	1,660,000	100	30,326	5,575	5,575	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Professional investment	151,113	151,113	5,100,000	100	220,727	20,718	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)

(Note 1) Not required to disclose income (loss) recognized by the Company.
(Note 2) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:29.63) as of June 30, 2020.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China - Basic information

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 8

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Investee in Mainland China	Main business activities	Paid-in capital	Investment method	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of January 1, 2020	Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020		Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2020	Net income of investee for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Ownership held by the Company (direct or indirect)	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020 （Note 2）	Book value of investments in Mainland China as of June 30, 2020	Accumulated amount of investment income remitted back to Taiwan as of June 30, 2020	Footnote
					Remitted to Mainland China	Remitted back to Taiwan							
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sale services	$ 151,113	Note 1	$ 151,113	$ -	$ -	$ 151,113	$ 20,718	100%	$ 20,718	$ 170,626	$ 121,770	—

Company name	Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to Mainland China as of June 30, 2020	Investment amount approved by the Investment Commission of the Ministry of Economic Affairs (MOEA)	Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by the Investment Commission of MOEA (Note 3)
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	$ 151,113	$ 151,113	$ 1,203,785

(Note 1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.) which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

(Note 2) The investment income (loss) is recognized based on the investees' financial statements that were reviewed by parent company's accountant for the six-month period ended June 30, 2020.

(Note 3) The ceiling amount is 60% of the higher of net worth or consolidated net worth.

(Note 4) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:29.63) as of June 30, 2020.

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Information on investments in Mainland China - Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

For the six-month period ended June 30, 2020

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD

	Sales (purchase)		Property transaction		Accounts receivable (payable)		Provision of endorsements/guarantees or collaterals		Financing				
Investee in Mainland China	Amount	%	Amount	%	Balance at June 30, 2020	%	Balance at June 30, 2020	Purpose	Maximum balance during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Balance at June 30, 2020	Interest rate	Interest during the six-month period ended June 30, 2020	Others
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	$ 167,334	31%	$ -	-	$ 144,446	36%	$ -	-	$ -	$ -	-	$ -	$ -

CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Major shareholders information

June 30, 2020

Table 10

Expressed in share

	Number of shares	
Name of the major shareholder	Common stock	Ownership (%)
Hsu, Ming-Che	5,579,338	6.87%

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.
The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements is different from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of the different calculation basis.