CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. and subsidiaries (the "Group") as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the three-month periods then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

#### Scope of review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, "Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity" in the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### **Basis for qualified conclusion**

As explained in Note 4(3), the financial statements and related information disclosed in Note 13 of insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of NT\$311,237 thousand and NT\$285,219 thousand, constituting 9% and 8% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of NT\$86,347 thousand and NT\$86,539 thousand, both constituting 6% of the consolidated total liabilities as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, and total comprehensive income of NT\$10,382 thousand and NT\$668 thousand, constituting 16% and 2% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month periods then ended, respectively.

#### **Qualified conclusion**

Except for the adjustments to the consolidated financial statements, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of certain consolidated subsidiaries been reviewed by independent auditors as described in the Basis for qualified conclusion section above, based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2021 and 2020, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three-month periods then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Lin, Yung-Chih

**Independent Auditors** 

Tien, Chung-Yu

PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan Republic of China

May 5, 2021

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

# CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND MARCH 31, 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

			March 31, 2021			December 31, 2		March 31, 2020			
-	Assets	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	 AMOUNT			AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	
	Current assets										
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	660,529	19	\$ 654,597	19	\$	647,003	19	
1136	Financial assets at amortized cost	- 6(2)									
	current			7,392	-	7,360	-		7,742	-	
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(3)		31,915	1	27,767	1		25,274	1	
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(3) and 12		360,413	10	344,675	10		306,493	9	
1200	Other receivables			1,971	-	9,515	-		2,915	-	
1220	Current income tax assets	6(23)		20,702	1	20,398	-		15,288	-	
130X	Inventories	5 and 6(4)		525,504	15	556,943	16		652,349	19	
1410	Prepayments			46,460	1	 36,049	1		40,658	1	
11XX	<b>Total current assets</b>		_	1,654,886	47	 1,657,304	47	_	1,697,722	49	
	Non-current assets										
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(5) and 8		1,562,194	44	1,532,120	44		1,414,104	41	
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(6)		128,045	4	129,601	4		134,269	4	
1780	Intangible assets	6(7)		99,337	3	101,595	3		118,267	4	
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(23)		21,975	1	25,160	1		22,070	1	
1915	Prepayments for equipment	6(5)		47,764	1	48,474	1		46,289	1	
1920	Guarantee deposits paid			10,403	-	9,775	-		8,288	-	
1990	Other non-current assets			3,683		 5,312			2,805		
15XX	Total non-current assets			1,873,401	53	 1,852,037	53		1,746,092	51	
1XXX	Total assets		\$	3,528,287	100	\$ 3,509,341	100	\$	3,443,814	100	

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# CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS MARCH 31, 2021, DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND MARCH 31, 2020 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (The consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 are reviewed, not audited)

			_	March 31, 202			December 31, 20		March 31, 2020	
	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	<i>P</i>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>	AMOUNT	<u>%</u>
	Liabilities									
2100	Current liabilities	((0)(26)	ф	204 000	0	ф	272 012		<b>.</b>	1.5
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(8)(26)	\$	294,000	8	\$	379,012	11	\$ 524,578	15
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(9)(26)		-	-		-	-	30,000	1
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(16)		6,695	-		4,807	-	8,471	-
2150	Notes payable			96,698	3		77,992	2	79,377	2
2170	Accounts payable	C(10) (1 F)		48,620	1		49,211	2	47,577	2
2200	Other payables	6(10)(15)		260,721	8		110,835	3	179,201	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities	6(23)		9,052	-		3,848	-	18,652	1
2280	Current lease liabilities	6(6)(20)(26)		5,237	-		5,214	-	5,144	-
2320	Long-term liabilities, current	6(11)(26), 8								
	portion	and 9		100,929	3		94,658	3	75,696	2
21XX	Total current liabilities			821,952	23		725,577	21	968,696	28
	Non-current liabilities									
2540	Long-term borrowings	6(11)(26), 8								
		and 9		492,885	14		517,984	15	287,669	9
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(23)		25,539	1		18,973	-	6,865	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities	6(6)(20)(26)		125,268	4		126,586	4	130,505	4
2640	Net defined benefit liabilities	6(12)		7,089			7,163		6,589	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			650,781	19		670,706	19	431,628	13
2XXX	Total liabilities		_	1,472,733	42		1,396,283	40	1,400,324	41
	Equity									
	Share capital	6(13)								
3110	Common stock			811,876	23		811,876	23	811,876	24
	Capital reserves	6(14)								
3200	Capital surplus			440,667	12		440,667	12	440,667	13
	Retained earnings	6(15)								
3310	Legal reserve			162,016	5		162,016	5	144,552	4
3320	Special reserve			29,394	1		29,394	1	17,047	-
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			677,343	19		731,978	21	683,961	20
3400	Other equity interest		(	39,192)(	1)	(	36,323)(	1)	( 31,073)(	1)
3500	Treasury stocks	6(13)	(	26,550)(	1)	(	26,550)(	1)	( 23,540)(	1)
3XXX	Total equity			2,055,554	58		2,113,058	60	2,043,490	59
	Significant Contingent Liabilities and	6(6) and 9								
	Unrecognized Contract Commitments									
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	3,528,287	100	\$	3,509,341	100	\$ 3,443,814	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			Three months ended March 31									
				2021		2020						
	Items	Notes		AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%					
4000	Sales revenue	6(16)	\$	418,654	100	\$ 290,490	100					
5000	Operating costs	6(4)(12)(21)(22)	(	242,384)(	58)(	160,021)(	<u>55</u> )					
5900	Net operating margin			176,270	42	130,469	45					
	Operating expenses	6(7)(12)(21)(22) and 7										
6100	Selling expenses		(	22,843)(	5)(	24,192)(	8)					
6200	General and administrative											
	expenses		(	41,322)(	10)(	38,973)(	14)					
6300	Research and development											
	expenses		(	19,447)(	5)(	15,115)(	5)					
6450	Expected credit impairment gain	12										
	(loss)			2,458	1 (	1,021)(	<u> </u>					
6000	Total operating expenses		(	81,154)(	19)(	79,301)(	<u>28</u> )					
6900	Operating profit			95,116	23	51,168	17					
	Non-operating income and											
	expenses											
7100	Interest income	6(2)(17)		240	-	544	-					
7010	Other income	6(18)		721	-	1,748	1					
7020	Other gains and losses	6(19) and 12	(	4,567)(	1)	4,535	2					
7050	Finance costs	6(6)(20)	(	3,699)(	1)(	4,886)(	<u>2</u> )					
7000	Total non-operating income											
	and expenses		(	7,305)(	2)	1,941	1					
7900	Profit before income tax			87,811	21	53,109	18					
7950	Income tax expense	6(23)	(	21,332)(	5)(	9,185)(	3)					
8200	Profit for the period		\$	66,479	16	\$ 43,924	15					
	Other comprehensive income (loss) (Net) Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that											
8361	will be reclassified to profit or loss  Financial statements translation											
8300	differences of foreign operations  Total other comprehensive loss		( <u>\$</u>	2,869)(	1)(	\$ 1,679)						
8300	for the period		(\$	2,869)(	1)(	\$ 1,679)	_					
8500	Total comprehensive income for											
	the period		\$	63,610	15	\$ 42,245	15					
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(24)										
9750	Basic		\$		0.82	\$	0.54					
9850	Diluted		\$		0.82	\$	0.54					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

## CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

### (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

		Sha	re capital -					Ret	ained Earning		appropriated	s	Interest Financial statements ranslation fferences of				
<u>_</u>	Notes		nmon stock	Ca	pital reserve	Le	gal reserve	Spe	cial reserve		ined earnings		gn operations	Treas	sury stocks		Total equity
For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020																	
Balance at January 1, 2020		\$	811,876	\$	440,667	\$	144,552	\$	17,047	\$	640,037	(\$	29,394)	\$		\$	2,024,785
Profit for the period			-		-		-		-		43,924		-		-		43,924
Other comprehensive loss for the period					<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	(	1,679)			(	1,679)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the period			-		-		-		-		43,924	(	1,679)		-		42,245
Purchase of treasury stocks			-		-		-		-	· ·	-		-	(	23,540)	(	23,540)
Balance at March 31, 2020		\$	811,876	\$	440,667	\$	144,552	\$	17,047	\$	683,961	(\$	31,073)	(\$	23,540)	\$	2,043,490
For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021		-															
Balance at January 1, 2021		\$	811,876	\$	440,667	\$	162,016	\$	29,394	\$	731,978	(\$	36,323)	(\$	26,550)	\$	2,113,058
Profit for the period			-		_		-		_		66,479		-		-	· <u></u>	66,479
Other comprehensive loss for the period			<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		_		<u>-</u>	(	2,869)		_	(	2,869)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>		66,479	(	2,869)		<u>-</u>		63,610
Appropriation of 2020 earnings Cash dividends 66	(15)		_		_				_	(	121,114)		_		_	(	121,114)
Balance at March 31, 2021		\$	811,876	\$	440,667	\$	162,016	\$	29,394	\$	677,343	(\$	39,192)	(\$	26,550)	\$	2,055,554

# CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			For the three-month periods ended March 31,				
	Notes		2021		2020		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Profit before tax		\$	87,811	\$	53,109		
Adjustments			,		,		
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)							
Expected credit impairment (gain) loss	12	(	2,458)		1,021		
Loss on (reversal of) inventory market price	6(4)						
decline			798	(	699)		
Depreciation	6(5)(6)(21)		20,083		19,272		
Amortization	6(7)(21)		2,673		2,922		
Interest income	6(17)	(	240)	(	544)		
Interest expense	6(20)		3,699		4,886		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities							
Changes in operating assets							
Notes receivable		(	4,148)		2,285		
Accounts receivable		(	12,873)	(	8,398)		
Other receivables			7,544		337		
Inventories			31,656	(	14,150)		
Prepayments		(	10,411)	(	12,120)		
Changes in operating liabilities							
Current contract liabilities			1,888		4,507		
Notes payable			15,350		10,723		
Accounts payable		(	591)		28,866		
Other payables			29,186		18,885		
Advance receipts			-	(	1,699)		
Net defined benefit liabilities		(	74)	(	75)		
Cash inflow generated from operations			169,893		109,128		
Interest received			240		544		
Interest paid		(	3,711)	(	5,087)		
Income tax paid		(	6,681)	(	14,885)		
Net cash flows from operating activities			159,741		89,700		

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# CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

			For the three-mor	nth per ch 31,	iods ended
	Notes		2021		2020
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Increase in financial assets at amortized cost -					
current		(\$	32)	(\$	113)
Cash paid for acquisition of property, plant and	6(25)				
equipment		(	44,734)	(	96,786)
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(7)	(	428)	(	208)
Increase in prepayments for equipment		(	265)	(	17,399)
Increase in guarantee deposits paid		(	628)	(	588)
Decrease in other non-current assets			1,629		74
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(	44,458)	(	115,020)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES					
(Decrease) increase in short-term borrowings	6(26)	(	84,508)		211,540
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable	6(26)		-		30,000
Payments of lease liability	6(26)	(	1,295)	(	1,271)
Increase in long-term borrowings	6(26)		-		100,000
Decrease in long-term borrowings	6(26)	(	18,990)	(	319,406)
Purchase of treasury stocks	6(13)			(	23,540)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(	104,793)	(	2,677)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and					
cash equivalents		(	4,558)	(	3,134)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			5,932	(	31,131)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)		654,597		678,134
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	6(1)	\$	660,529	\$	647,003

# CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED MARCH 31, 2021 AND 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated) (REVIEWED, NOT AUDITED)

#### 1. <u>HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION</u>

- (1) CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. (the "Company") was incorporated on October 19, 1998 as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Act of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) and other related regulations. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are primarily engaged in the research, development, manufacture and sale of miniature linear guides, miniature ball screws, miniature linear modules, electro-optics equipment and semiconductor process equipment.
- (2) The common stocks of the Company were originally listed on the Taipei Exchange from December 28, 2012, and have been authorized to trade in Taiwan Stock Exchange since December 23, 2020.
- 2. THE DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORIZATION

These consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Board of Directors on May 5, 2021.

#### 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2021 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board ("IASB")
Amendments to IFRS 4, 'Extension of the temporary exemption from	January 1, 2021
applying IFRS 9'	
Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16,	January 1, 2021
'Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2'	
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Covid-19-related rent concessions beyond	April 1, 2021 (Note)
June 30, 2021'	

Note: Earlier application from January 1, 2021 is allowed by the FSC.

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

### (2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

None.

#### (3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	IASB
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	IASB
IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before intended use'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts – cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018 – 2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### (1) Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim financial reporting' endorsed by the FSC.

#### (2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the defined benefit liabilities recognized based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial

statements are disclosed in Note 5, 'Critical accounting judgments, estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty'.

#### (3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
  - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
  - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
  - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.
  - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.
  - (e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

#### B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

				Ownership (%)		
Name of investor	Name of subsidiary	Business activities	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	Note
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD. ("CHIEFTEK PRECISION")	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Professional investment	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	Lease of real estate property	100	100	100	Note 1
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD. ("cpc USA")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	100	Note 1
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH ("cpc Europa")	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sales service	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CSM Maschinen GmbH	Research, manufacture and sale of machineries	-	-	100	Note 2 Note 3
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Professional investment	100	100	100	-
CHIEFTEK PRECISION (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd. ("Chieftek (Kunshan)")	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and after-sales service	100	100	100	-

- Note 1: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 2: The financial statements of the entity as of and for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020 were not reviewed by independent auditors as the entity did not meet the definition of a significant subsidiary.
- Note 3: CSM Machinen GmbH was merged into cpc Europa GmbH with the approval of the local authority since 2020.

The financial statements and related information disclosed in Note 13 of insignificant consolidated subsidiaries were not reviewed by independent auditors. Those statements reflect total assets of \$311,237 and \$285,219, constituting 9% and 8% of the consolidated total assets, and total liabilities of \$86,347 and \$86,539, both constituting 6% of the consolidated total liabilities as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 respectively, and total comprehensive income of \$10,382 and \$668, constituting 16% and 2% of the consolidated total comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.
- F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interest that are material to the Group: None.

#### (4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in New Taiwan dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

#### A. Foreign currency transactions and balances

- (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
- (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognized in profit or loss.
- (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income. However, non-

- monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
- (d) All other foreign exchange gains and losses based on the nature of those transactions are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.

#### B. Translation of foreign operations

- (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
  - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
  - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
  - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.
- (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.

#### (5) Classification of current and non-current items

- A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
  - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realized, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
  - (c) Assets that are expected to be realized within 12 months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than 12 months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
  - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
  - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
  - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within 12 months from the balance sheet date;
  - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than 12 months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

#### (6) Cash equivalents

- A. Cash equivalents refer to short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.
- B. Time deposits that meet the definition above and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitment in operations are classified as cash equivalents.

#### (7) Financial assets at amortized cost

- A. Financial assets at amortized cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
  - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
  - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
- B. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (8) Accounts and notes receivable

- A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (9) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured as financial assets at amortized cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognizes the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs") if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognizes the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

#### (10) <u>Derecognition of financial assets</u>

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expires.

#### (11) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labor, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses. When the cost of inventory is lower than net realizable value, a write-down is provided and recognized in operating costs. If the circumstances that caused the write-down cease to exist, such that all or part of the write-down is no longer needed, it should be reversed to that extent and recognized as deduction of operating costs.

#### (12) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Borrowing costs incurred during the construction period are capitalized.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
- D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Assets	Useful lives						
Buildings and structures	3	~	50	years			
Machinery and equipment	2	$\sim$	15	years			
Transportation equipment	3	~	10	years			
Office equipment	1	$\sim$	10	years			
Leasehold improvements	2	$\sim$	15	years			
Other equipment	2	$\sim$	10	years			

#### (13) Leasing arrangements (lessee)—right-of-use assets/ lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the incremental borrowing interest rate.

Lease payments are comprised of the following:

- (a) Fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees; and
- (c) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortized cost using the interest method and recognizes interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.

- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the following:
  - (a) The amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
  - (b) Any lease payments made at or before the commencement date;
  - (c) Any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
  - (d) An estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognized as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.

D. For lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the lessee shall remeasure the lease liability. The lessee shall also decrease the carrying amount of right-of-use assets to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize the difference in profit or loss.

#### (14) Intangible assets

#### A. Trademarks and patents

Separately acquired trademarks of corporate identity system and patents are stated initially at cost. Trademarks and patents have a finite useful life and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 to 20 years.

#### B. Computer software

Computer software is stated initially at cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 3 years.

#### C. Turn-key professional technique

The subsidiary, CSM Maschinen GmbH, which has been merged into cpc Europa GmbH with the approval of the local authority since 2020, was commissioned by the Company to develop and design linear guide, robotic arm and equipment for exhibition which are stated initially at cost and amortized over the economic life of Turn-key professional technique of 10 years.

#### D. Other intangible assets

Technology contribution is stated initially at cost, and regarded as having an indefinite useful life as it is assessed to generate continuous net cash inflow in the foreseeable future. Technology contribution is not amortized, but is tested annually for impairment.

#### (15) <u>Impairment of non-financial assets</u>

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognizing impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortized historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognized.

#### (16) Borrowings

- A. Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term banks loans. Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortized cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognized in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.
- B. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognized as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalized as other non-current assets for liquidity services and amortized over the period of the facility to which it relates.

#### (17) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.

#### (18) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation specified in the contract is either discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### (19) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (20) Employee benefits

#### A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognized as expenses in that period when the employees render service.

#### B. Pensions

#### (a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognized as pension expenses when

they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

#### (b) Defined benefit plans

- i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognized in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
- ii. Remeasurement arising on defined benefit plans is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
- iii. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognized as expenses and liabilities, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates. If employee compensation is distributed by shares, the Group calculates the number of shares based on the closing price at the previous day of the board meeting resolution.

#### (21) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or items recognized directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.

- C. Deferred tax is recognized, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. However, the deferred tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realized or the deferred tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized. At each balance sheet date, unrecognized and recognized deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognized for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilized.
- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.

#### (22) Share capital

- A. Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or stock options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.
- B. Where the Company repurchases the Company's equity share capital that has been issued, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs (net of income taxes) is resolved from equity attributable to the Company's equity holders. Where such shares are subsequently reissued, the difference between their book value and any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the Company's equity holders.

#### (23) Dividends

Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are resolved by the Board of Directors. Stock dividends are recorded as stock dividends to be distributed in which they are resolved by the Company's shareholders, and are reclassified to ordinary shares on the effective date of new shares issuance.

#### (24) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

- A. The Group manufactures and sells linear guide, ball screw and linear modules. Sales are recognized when control of the products has been transferred, being when the products are delivered to the external customer, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the buyer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Sales revenue is recognized based on the contract price, net of output tax and sales returns and discounts. The sales are made with a credit term of  $30 \sim 180$  days after monthly closing. As the time interval between the transfer of committed goods and the payment of customer does not exceed one year, the Group does not adjust the transaction price to reflect the time value of money.
- C. A receivable is recognized when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

#### (25) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

### 5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS</u>, <u>ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u> None.

#### (2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

#### Evaluation of inventories

A. As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, the Group must determine

the net realizable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value on balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realizable value. Such an evaluation of inventories is calculated based on the inventory clearance and historical data of discounts. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

B. As of March 31, 2021, the carrying amount of inventories was \$525,504.

#### 6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

#### (1) Cash and cash equivalents

	March 31, 2021		Decen	nber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Cash:							
Cash on hand	\$	1,343	\$	1,369	\$	1,337	
Checking accounts and demand							
deposits		657,753		651,729		644,237	
		659,096		653,098		645,574	
Cash Equivalents:							
Time deposits		1,433		1,499		1,429	
	\$	660,529	\$	654,597	\$	647,003	

- A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.
- B. The Group has no cash and cash equivalents pledged to others as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020.

#### (2) Financial assets at amortized cost - current

	Marc	March 31, 2021		mber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Time deposits with maturity of							
over 3 months	\$	7,392	\$	7,360	\$	7,742	

- A. The Group recognized interest income of \$18 and \$51 from financial assets at amortized cost for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, shown as part of "Interest Income".
- B. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the financial assets at amortized cost held by the Group was its book value.
- C. The Group has no financial assets at amortized cost pledged to others as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020.
- D. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortized cost is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

#### (3) Notes and accounts receivable, net

	_Mare	ch 31, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	_Mar	ch 31, 2020
Notes receivable	\$	31,915	\$	27,767	\$	25,274
	Marc	ch 31, 2021	Decen	nber 31, 2020	Mar	ch 31, 2020
Accounts receivable Less: Allowance for doubtful	\$	382,818	\$	370,745	\$	333,095
accounts	(	22,405)	(	26,070)	()	26,602)
	\$	360,413	\$	344,675	\$	306,493

A. The ageing analysis of the Group's notes and accounts receivable is as follows:

	March 3	31, 2021	December	r 31, 2020	March 31, 2020					
	Accounts receivable	Notes receivable	Accounts No		Accounts receivable	Notes receivable				
Not past due	\$ 322,508	\$ 31,741	\$ 283,508	\$ 27,767	\$ 235,353	\$ 24,887				
Up to 30 days	14,654	-	11,726	-	12,273	217				
31 to 90 days	21,630	174	41,760	-	37,374	170				
91 to 180 days	5,289	-	15,188	-	19,842	-				
Over 180 days	18,737		18,563		28,253					
	\$ 382,818	\$ 31,915	\$ 370,745	\$ 27,767	\$ 333,095	\$ 25,274				

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, March 31, 2020 and January 1, 2020, the balances of notes receivable and accounts receivable from contracts with customers amounted to \$414,733, \$398,512, \$358,369 and \$352,262, respectively.
- C. Without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes and accounts receivable was its book value.
- D. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Group does not hold any collateral as security for accounts receivable.
- E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2), 'Financial instruments'.

#### (4) <u>Inventories</u>

		Marc	ch 31, 2021	
		Allo	owance for	
	 Cost	market	price decline	 Book value
Raw materials	\$ 76,539	(\$	2,853)	\$ 73,686
Supplies	65,562	(	9,530)	56,032
Work in process	272,151	(	15,811)	256,340
Finished goods	 177,912	(	38,466)	 139,446
	\$ 592,164	(\$	66,660)	\$ 525,504

			Decen	nber 31, 2020							
		Cost		owance for price decline		Book value					
Raw materials	\$	80,104	(\$	2,714)	\$	77,390					
Supplies		67,896	(	10,676)		57,220					
Work in process		274,069	(	13,003)		261,066					
Finished goods		201,751	(	40,484)		161,267					
-	\$	623,820	( <u>\$</u>	66,877)	\$	556,943					
	March 31, 2020										
			Allo	owance for							
		Cost	market	price decline		Book value					
Raw materials	\$	77,047	(\$	22)	\$	77,025					
Supplies		66,040	(	6,267)		59,773					
Work in process		345,373	(	6,392)		338,981					
Finished goods		212,810	(	36,240)		176,570					
	\$	701,270	(\$	48.921)	\$	652.349					

The cost of inventories recognized as expense for the period:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,								
			2020						
Cost of goods sold	\$	241,604	\$	160,565					
Allowance for (reversal of) inventory market price									
decline		798	(	699)					
Loss on physical inventory		146		283					
Revenue from sale of scraps	(	164)	(	128)					
	\$	242,384	\$	160,021					

#### (5) Property, plant and equipment

At January 1, 2021		Land		Buildings and tructures		achinery and equipment		nsportation quipment	ec	Office quipment	im	Leasehold approvements and other equipment		Construction in progress and equipment efore acceptance inspection		Total
Cost	\$	367,121	\$	750,993	\$	944,425	\$	6,789	\$	22,495	\$	156,286	\$	443,763	\$	2,691,872
Accumulated depreciation		_	(	166,993)	(	831,312)	(	4,915)	(	19,627)	(	136,905)			(	1,159,752)
	\$	367,121	\$	584,000	\$	113,113	\$	1,874	\$	2,868	\$	19,381	\$	443,763	\$	1,532,120
For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021																
At January 1, 2021	\$	367,121	\$	584,000	\$	113,113	\$	1,874	\$	2,868	\$	19,381	\$	443,763	\$	1,532,120
Additions		-		150		607		-		136		562		46,233		47,688
Transferred from prepayments for equipment		-		-		-		-		-		-		975		975
Transferred after acceptance inspection		-		193		260		-		-		10,174	(	10,627)		-
Depreciation		-	(	5,136)	(	10,406)	(	130)	(	375)	(	2,480)		-	(	18,527)
Disposals—Cost		-		-	(	139)		-	(	908)	(	15)		-	(	1,062)
<ul> <li>Accumulated depreciation</li> </ul>		-		-		139		-		908		15		-		1,062
Net currency exchange differences	_	97		209	(	303)	(	2)	(	7)	(	56)		<u>-</u>	(	62)
At March 31, 2021	\$	367,218	\$	579,416	\$	103,271	\$	1,742	\$	2,622	\$	27,581	\$	480,344	\$	1,562,194
At March 31, 2021	_															
Cost	\$	367,218	\$	751,590	\$	944,470	\$	6,762	\$	21,680	\$	166,794	\$	480,344	\$	2,738,858
Accumulated depreciation	_		(	172,174)	(	841,199)	(	5,020)	(	19,058)	(	139,213)	_	<u>-</u>	(	1,176,664)
	\$	367,218	\$	579,416	\$	103,271	\$	1,742	\$	2,622	\$	27,581	\$	480,344	\$	1,562,194

														Construction	
			1	D '11'								Leasehold		in progress	
			ı	Buildings		1. 1	<b>T</b>	•		O.CC.		provements		and equipment	
				and		chinery and		•		Office		and other	be	efore acceptance	
At January 1, 2020		Land	S	tructures	_ (	equipment	e	quipment	ec	quipment	_	equipment		inspection	Total
Cost	\$	369,768	\$	606,091	\$	896,524	\$	6,654	\$	21,295	\$	146,309	\$	335,290	\$ 2,381,931
Accumulated depreciation			(	151,497)	(	788,483)	(	4,354)	(	17,750)	(	128,888)			(_1,090,972)
	\$	369,768	\$	454,594	\$	108,041	\$	2,300	\$	3,545	\$	17,421	\$	335,290	\$ 1,290,959
For the three-month period ended															
March 31, 2020															
At January 1, 2020	\$	369,768	\$	454,594	\$	108,041	\$	2,300	\$	3,545	\$	17,421	\$	335,290	\$ 1,290,959
Additions		-		626		1,429		-		638		320		108,282	111,295
Transferred from prepayments for														20 271	20 271
equipment		-		-		2 400		-		-		1 250	,	28,271	28,271
Transferred after acceptance inspection		-	,	4 404)	,	2,480	,	100)	,	106	,	1,350	(	3,830)	- 17.716
Depreciation		-	(	4,484)	(	10,667)	(	130)	(	426)	(	2,009)		-	( 17,716)
Disposals – Cost		-		-		-		-	(	27)		-		-	( 27)
<ul> <li>Accumulated depreciation</li> </ul>		-		-		-		-		27		-		-	27
Net currency exchange differences		432	_	965	(	79)	(	2)	(	5)	(	<u>16</u> )	_		1,295
At March 31, 2020	\$	370,200	\$	451,701	\$	101,204	\$	2,168	\$	3,752	\$	17,066	\$	468,013	\$ 1,414,104
At March 31, 2020	_														
Cost	\$	370,200	\$	607,845	\$	900,252	\$	6,633	\$	21,873	\$	147,921	\$	468,013	\$ 2,522,737
Accumulated depreciation			(_	156,144)	(	799,048)	(	4,465)	(	18,121)	(	130,855)	_		(_1,108,633)
	\$	370,200	\$	451,701	\$	101,204	\$	2,168	\$	3,752	\$	17,066	\$	468,013	\$ 1,414,104

- A. Property, plant and equipment of the Group were all for operating purposes as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020.
- B. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of property, plant and equipment.
- C. Information about the property, plant and equipment that were pledged to others as collateral as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020 is provided in Note 8, 'Pledged assets'.

#### (6) <u>Leasing arrangements – lessee</u>

- A. The Group leases land in Southern Taiwan Science Park of Ministry of Science and Technology. Rental contracts are typically made for a period of 20 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows: Carrying amount:

	Mar	ch 31, 2021	Decen	ber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020				
Land	\$	128,045	\$	129,601	\$	134,269			
Depreciation charge:									

Even the three-month periods ended March 31,  $\frac{2021}{\$ 1,556} \frac{2020}{\$ 1,556}$ Land

- C. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group has no additions to right-of-use assets.
- D. The information on income and expense accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	For the t	hree-month pe	eriods	ended March 31,		
		2021	2020			
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	590	\$	613		
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	3,047	\$	3,052		

E. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$4,932 and \$4,936, respectively.

#### (7) <u>Intangible assets</u>

	$\mathrm{Tr}_{2}$	ndemarks		Patents		Software		Turn-key professional technique		Others	Total
At January 1, 2021		idemarks_		1 dtelits	_	Bottware	_	teemique	_	Others	10141
Cost	\$	578	\$	10,106	\$	12,848	\$	90,718	\$	60,000	\$ 174,250
Accumulated amortization	(	578)	(	3,724)	(	12,155)		9,072)	(	13,500) (	39,029)
Accumulated impairment	`	-	`	-	`	-	`	-	(	33,626) (	33,626)
Net value	\$	_	\$	6,382	\$	693	\$	81,646	\$	12,874	\$ 101,595
For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021											
Net value at January 1, 2021	\$	-	\$	6,382	\$	693	\$	81,646	\$	12,874	\$ 101,595
Additions—acquired separately		-		302		126		-		-	428
Amortization		-	(	187)	(	218)	(	2,268)		- (	2,673)
Net currency exchange differences					(	13)	·			<u> </u>	13)
Net value at March 31, 2021	\$	_	\$	6,497	\$	588	\$	79,378	\$	12,874	\$ 99,337
At March 31, 2021											
Cost	\$	578	\$	10,408	\$	12,865	\$	90,718	\$	60,000	\$ 174,569
Accumulated amortization	(	578)	(	3,911)	(	12,277)	(	11,340)	(	13,500) (	41,606)
Accumulated impairment				_		_		_	(	33,626) (	33,626)
Net value	\$	_	\$	6,497	\$	588	\$	79,378	\$	12,874	\$ 99,337

### Turn-key professional

							]	professional				
	Tra	demarks		Patents		Software		technique		Others		Total
<u>At January 1, 2020</u>												
Cost	\$	578	\$	9,323	\$	12,746	\$	90,718	\$	60,000	\$	173,365
Accumulated amortization	(	578)	(	3,114)	(	10,606)		-	(	13,500)	(	27,798)
Accumulated impairment		_							(	24,577)	(	24,577)
Net value	\$	_	\$	6,209	\$	2,140	\$	90,718	\$_	21,923	\$	120,990
For the three-month period ended March 31, 2020												
Net value at January 1, 2020	\$	-	\$	6,209	\$	2,140	\$	90,718	\$	21,923	\$	120,990
Additions—acquired separately		-		208		-		-		-		208
Amortization		-	(	148)	(	506)	(	2,268)		-	(	2,922)
Net currency exchange differences		_			(	9)					(	9)
Net value at March 31, 2020	\$	_	\$	6,269	\$	1,625	\$	88,450	\$	21,923	\$	118,267
At March 31, 2020						_		_		_		
Cost	\$	578	\$	9,531	\$	12,722	\$	90,718	\$	60,000	\$	173,549
Accumulated amortization	(	578)	(	3,262)	(	11,097)	(	2,268)	(	13,500)	(	30,705)
Accumulated impairment		_							(	24,577)	(	24,577)
Net value	\$	_	\$	6,269	\$	1,625	\$	88,450	\$	21,923	\$	118,267

- A. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, no borrowing costs were capitalized as part of intangible assets.
- B. Details of amortization on intangible assets are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended March 3									
		2021		2020						
General and administrative expenses	\$	214	\$	236						
Research and development expenses		2,459		2,686						
	\$	2,673	\$	2,922						

#### (8) Short-term borrowings

Nature	March 31, 2021	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 294,000	0.52%~0.90%	None
Nature	December 31, 2020	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 358,000	0.52%~0.95%	None
Bank secured borrowings	21,012	1.30%	Endorsements and guarantees by the
			Company
	\$ 379,012		1 2
Nature	March 31, 2020	Interest rate range	Collateral
Bank unsecured borrowings	\$ 493,000	$0.758\% \sim 1.03\%$	None
Bank secured borrowings	31,578	1.30%	Endorsements and guarantees by the
			Company
	\$ 524,578		

For more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, please refer to Note 6(20), 'Finance costs'.

#### (9) Short-term notes and bills payable

	M	arch 31, 2020	Interest rate range	Collateral
Commercial papers payable	\$	30,000	0.938%	None

The Group had no short-term notes and bills payable as of March 31, 2021 and December 31, 2020.

- A. The above commercial papers were issued and secured by Union Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd. for short-term financing.
- B. For more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the three-month period ended March 31, 2020, please refer to Note 6(20), 'Finance costs'.

#### (10) Other payables

	Mar	ch 31, 2021	Decem	nber 31, 2020	Mar	ch 31, 2020
Dividends payable	\$	121,114	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued salaries and bonuses		56,582		52,658		43,084
Employees' compensation						
and directors' and						
supervisors' remuneration						
payable		34,756		20,500		29,920
Equipment payable		4,851		5,253		55,611
Others		43,418	-	32,424	-	50,586
	\$	260,721	\$	110,835	\$	179,201

#### (11) Long-term borrowings

, <del></del> _				Interest rate	
Nature	Expiry date	N	Iarch 31, 2021	range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	August 21, 2023 $\sim$	\$	433,814	1.04%∼	Land, buildings
	December 28, 2027			2.81%	and structures
Unsecured borrowings	February 22, 2022∼		4.50.000	$1.25\%$ $\sim$	None
	May 15, 2027		160,000	1.30%	
<b>T</b>			593,814		
Less: Current portion		(	100,929)		
		\$	492,885		
				Interest rate	
Nature	Expiry date	Dec	cember 31, 2020	range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	August 21, 2023 $\sim$	\$	440,142	1.04%∼	Land, buildings
	December 28, 2027			2.81%	and structures
Unsecured borrowings	February 22, 2022∼			$1.25\%$ $\sim$	None
	May 15, 2027		172,500	1.30%	
			612,642		
Less: Current portion		(	94,658)		
		\$	517,984		
				Interest rate	
Nature	Expiry date	N	Iarch 31, 2020	range	Collateral
Long-term bank borrowings					
Secured borrowings	January 24, 2023∼	\$	263,365	1.23%∼	Land, buildings
	March 20, 2025			4.43%	and structures
Unsecured borrowings	February 22, 2023		100,000	1.25%	None
			363,365		
Less: Current portion		(	75,696)		
		\$	287,669		

For more information about interest expense recognized by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, please refer to Note 6(20), 'Finance costs'.

#### (12) Pensions

- A. (a) The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Law, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Law. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 2% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
  - (b) No pension cost was recognized under the aforementioned defined benefit pension plan of the Company for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020.
  - (c) Expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of the Group for the year ending December 31, 2021 amount to \$297.
- B. Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment. The other subsidiaries are subject to local government sponsored defined contribution plan. In accordance with related laws of the respective local government, the independent pension fund of employees is administered by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, these subsidiaries do not have further obligations. The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$3,182 and \$3,659, respectively.

#### (13) Share capital

A. Movements in the number of the Company's ordinary shares outstanding are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the three-month periods	ended March 31,	
	2021	2020	
Balance at beginning of period	80,743	81,188	
Purchase of treasury stocks		399)	
Balance at end of period	80,743	80,789	

#### B. Treasury stocks

(a) Reason for share reacquisition and movements in the number of the Company's treasury stocks are as follows (in thousands of shares):

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021						
	Shares at						
	beginning			Shares at			
Reason for reacquisition	of period	Increase	Decrease	end of period			
To be reissued to employees	445			445			
	For the th	ree-month perio	od ended Marc	ch 31, 2020			
	Shares at						
	beginning			Shares at			
Reason for reacquisition	of period	Increase	Decrease	end of period			
To be reissued to employees		399		399			

- (b) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, the number of shares bought back as treasury stock should not exceed 10% of the number of the Company's issued and outstanding shares and the amount bought back should not exceed the sum of retained earnings, paid-in capital in excess of par value and realized capital surplus. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the treasury shares amounted to \$26,550, \$26,550 and \$23,540, respectively.
- (c) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury stocks should not be pledged as collateral and is not entitled to dividends before it is reissued.
- (d) Pursuant to the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Act, treasury stocks should be reissued to the employees within 5 years from the reacquisition date and shares not reissued within the 5 year period are to be retired.
- C. As of March 31, 2021, the Company's authorized capital was \$1,500,000 (including \$30,000 reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$811,876 (81,188 thousand shares) with par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share.

#### (14) Capital reserve

For the three-month periods ended

March 31, 2021 and 2020	Sh	Share premium		Others		Total	
Balances at beginning and end of period	\$	440,553	\$	114	\$	440,667	

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital reserve arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital reserve to be capitalized mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital reserve should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

#### (15) Retained earnings

- A. The legal reserve shall be exclusively used to cover accumulated deficit, to issue new stocks, or to distribute cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash dividends to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted provided that the balance of such reserve exceeds 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- B. According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company's dividend policy is to distribute the current year's earnings, if any, in the following order:
  - (1) pay all taxes and dues;
  - (2) offset any loss of prior years;
  - (3) set aside 10% as legal reserve;
  - (4) set aside or reverse special reserve as required by regulations or the Competent Authority;
  - (5) The appropriation of the remaining amount after deducting items (1) to (4), along with the unappropriated retained earnings of prior years can be distributed in accordance with a resolution passed during a meeting of the Board of Directors and approved at the shareholders' meeting. However, the distribution of dividends shall not be lower than 20% of the current year's profit after deducting items (1) to (4). In order to continually expand the scale of operations, increase competitiveness and support the Company's long-term development plans, future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the Company's dividend policy is to distribute stock dividends and partially as cash dividends. Cash dividends shall not be less than 10% of the total dividends distributed to shareholders. The Board of Directors of the Company shall adopt a resolution by a majority of more than two-thirds of the directors present to distribute whole or a part of the distributable dividends, bonuses, capital reserves or legal reserve in the form of cash, and report to the shareholders during their meetings. The above is not subject to provisions that require shareholders' approval.
- C. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve from the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit

balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings. As of December 31, 2019, pursuant to the regulations for the deduction amount to stockholders' equity from other equity items, the Company has set aside special reserve of \$29,394, which cannot be distributed to shareholders.

D. The Company recognized cash dividends distributed to owners amounting to \$80,743 (\$1.0 (in dollars) per share) for the year ended December 31, 2020. On February 25, 2021, the Board of Directors resolved the distribution of cash dividends from 2020 earnings in the amount of \$121,114 (\$1.5 (in dollars) per share).

#### (16) Operating revenue

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,				
		2021	2020		
Revenue from contracts with customers	\$	418,654	\$	290,490	

- A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods at a point in time in segments. Please refer to Note 14, 'Segment information' for details.
- B. The Group has recognized revenue-related contract liabilities amounting to \$6,695, \$4,807, \$8,471 and \$3,964 as of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020, March 31, 2020 and January 1, 2020, respectively. Revenue recognized that were included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of 2021 and 2020 for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 were \$4,310 and \$747, respectively.

#### (17) <u>Interest income</u>

	For the three-month periods ended March					
	2	2021	2020			
Interest income from bank deposits	\$	222	\$	490		
Interest income from financial assets						
measured at amortized cost		18		51		
Other interest income				3		
	\$	240	\$	544		
(18) Other income						
	For the	three-month pe	eriods ende	ds ended March 31,		
	2	2021		2020		
Other income – others	\$	721	\$	1,748		
(19) Other gains and losses						
	For the	e three-month	periods end	ed March 31,		
		2021	_	2020		
Currency exchange (loss) gain	(\$	4,422	2) \$	4,536		
Other losses	(	145	5) (	1)		
	( <u>\$</u>	4,567	<u>\$</u>	4,535		

### (20) Finance costs

Labor and health insurance

Other personnel expenses

expense

Pension costs

						,
			2021			2020
Interest expense:						
Interest expense on bank borrow	ings	\$		3,109	\$	4,273
Interest expense on lease liability	ies			590		613
		\$		3,699	\$	4,886
(21) Expenses by nature						
	F	For the three-	month p	eriod ended	March 3	31, 2021
	Oper	rating cost	Opera	ting expense	<u> </u>	Total
Employee benefit expense	\$	69,876	\$	54,434	4 \$	124,310
Depreciation		14,408		5,675	5	20,083
Amortization				2,673	3	2,673
	\$	84,284	\$	62,782	<u>\$</u>	147,066
	F	For the three-	month p	eriod ended	March 3	31, 2020
	Ope	rating cost	Opera	ting expense	<u> </u>	Total
Employee benefit expense	\$	54,418	\$	45,273	3 \$	99,691
Depreciation		15,330		3,942	2	19,272
Amortization				2,922	<u> </u>	2,922
	\$	69,748	\$	52,13	<u> \$</u>	121,885
22) Employee benefit expense						
	I	For the three-	-			31, 2021
		rating cost	Opera	ting expense		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	60,148	\$	50,955	5 \$	111,103
Labor and health insurance		<i>5 27</i> 0		1.050	2	7.220
expense		5,370		1,958		7,328
Pension costs Other personnel expenses		2,417 1,941		765 750		3,182
Other personnel expenses	\$	69,876	\$	54,434	_	2,697 124,310
		For the three-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•
	-	rating cost		ting expense		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	45,632	\$	39,409		85,041
	7	.5,052	7	57,10	. 4	35,571

For the three-month periods ended March 31,

A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of distributable profit of the current year, after covering accumulated losses, shall be distributed as employees' compensation

4,658

2,026

2,102

54,418

\$

2,822

1,633

1,409

45,273

\$

7,480

3,659

3,511

99,691

\$

- and directors' and supervisors' remuneration. The ratio shall be 3% to 15% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 3% for directors' and supervisors' remuneration.
- B. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company's employees' compensation was accrued at \$11,405 and \$7,536, respectively; while directors' and supervisors' remuneration was accrued at \$2,851 and \$1,884, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognized in salary expenses, and were estimated and accrued based on the profit as of the end of the reporting period and the percentage specified in the Articles of Incorporation of the Company.

The employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2020 as resolved by the Board of Directors were \$16,000 and \$4,500, respectively, and the employees' compensation was distributed in the form of cash. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2020 as resolved by the Board of Directors were equal to the amounts recognized in the 2020 financial statements.

Information about the appropriation of employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration by the Company as proposed by the Board of Directors is posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

### (23) Income tax

### A. Income tax expense:

Components of income tax expense:

	For t	he three-month pe	eriods e	ods ended March 31,		
		2021	2020			
Current income tax:						
Income tax incurred in current period	\$	9,094	\$	3,575		
Prior year income tax under (over)						
estimation		2,487	(	1,034)		
Total current income tax	-	11,581		2,541		
Deferred income tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary						
differences		9,751		6,644		
Income tax expense	\$	21,332	\$	9,185		

B. The Company's income tax returns through 2019 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority. There were no disputes existing between the Company and the Tax Authority as of May 5, 2021.

### (24) Earnings per share ("EPS")

	For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021								
			Weighted average number						
			of shares outstanding	]	EPS				
	Amo	unt after tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)				
Basic earnings per share									
Profit attributable to ordinary									
shareholders of the parent	\$	66,479	80,743	\$	0.82				
Diluted earnings per share									
Profit attributable to ordinary									
shareholders of the parent	\$	66,479	80,743						
Assumed conversion of all dilutive									
potential ordinary shares									
Employees' compensation			180						
Profit attributable to ordinary									
shareholders of the parent									
plus assumed conversion									
of all dilutive potential	_			_					
ordinary shares	\$	66,479	80,923	\$	0.82				
	F	for the three-n	nonth period ended March 3	31, 20	)20				
	F	or the three-n	nonth period ended March 3 Weighted average number	31, 20	)20				
	F	For the three-n			D20 EPS				
		or the three-n	Weighted average number	]					
Basic earnings per share			Weighted average number of shares outstanding	]	EPS				
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary			Weighted average number of shares outstanding	]	EPS				
			Weighted average number of shares outstanding	]	EPS				
Profit attributable to ordinary	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share	Amo	unt after tax	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation  Profit attributable to ordinary	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent plus assumed conversion	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Diluted earnings per share  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent  Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares  Employees' compensation  Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	Amo	unt after tax 43,924	Weighted average number of shares outstanding (shares in thousands)  81,161	(in (	EPS dollars)				

# (25) Supplemental cash flow information

## A. Investing activities with partial cash payments

		Fo	r the three-	month po	eriods ended March 31,			
		2021				202	.0	
Purchase of property, plan	t and equipment	\$		47,688	\$		111,295	
Add: Opening balance of r Opening balance of p	- ·			11,803			25,323	
equipment				5,253			30,601	
Less: Ending balance of no Ending balance of pa		(		15,159)	(		14,822)	
equipment		(		4,851)	(		55,611)	
Cash paid during the perio	d	\$		44,734	\$		96,786	
B. Operating, investing and f	inancing activitie	es with	no cash flo	w effect	ts			
		_Fo	r the three-	month po	eriods er	ided M	Iarch 31,	
			2021			202	0	
(a) Write-offs of allowance	e for bad debts	\$		800	\$		6	
		Fo	r the three-	month pe	eriods er	ided M	Iarch 31,	
			2021	•		202	0	
(b) Prepayments for equip	ment reclassified							
to property, plant and	d equipment	\$		975	\$		28,271	
		Fo	r the three-	month po	eriods er	ided M	Iarch 31,	
			2021			202	0	
(c) Cash dividends approp	riation	\$	1	21,114	\$		_	
(26) Changes in liabilities from fir	nancing activities	3					_	
	Short-term borrowings	Lea	se liability	_	g-term wings	f	oilities from inancing vities-gross	
At January 1, 2021	\$ 379,012	\$	131,800		512,642	\$	1,123,454	
Changes in cash flow from		·	, , , , , ,		, , -	,	, -, -	
financing activities Impact of changes in	( 84,508)	) (	1,295)	(	18,990)	(	104,793)	
foreign exchange rate	(504)	)			162	(	342)	
At March 31, 2021	\$ 294,000	\$	130,505	\$ 5	593,814	\$	1,018,319	
		·	_		_			

			Liabilities from							
	S	hort-term	notes and			Lease		Long-term		financing
	bo	orrowings	bills payable		_	liability		borrowings		ivities-gross
At January 1, 2020	\$	313,315	\$	-	\$	131,343	\$	582,113	\$	1,026,771
Changes in cash flow from										
financing activities		211,540		30,000	(	1,271)	(	219,406)		20,863
Changes in cash flow from										
other non-financing										
activities		-		-		5,577		-		5,577
Impact of changes in										
foreign exchange rate	(	277)			_	_		658		381
At March 31, 2020	\$	524,578	\$	30,000	\$	135,649	\$	363,365	\$	1,053,592

### 7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) <u>Significant transactions and balances with related parties</u>
None.

### (2) Key management compensation

	For the three-month periods ended March						
	2021			2020			
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	8,095	\$	8,170			

### 8. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

Asset pledged	March 31, 2021		December 31, 2020		March 31, 2020		Purpose of collateral	
Land (Note) Buildings and structures-net	\$	367,218	\$	367,121	\$	370,200	Guarantee for long- term borrowings Guarantee for long-	
(Note)		552,308		555,652		288,460	term borrowings	
	\$	919,526	\$	922,773	\$	658,660		

(Note) Listed as 'Property, plant and equipment'.

# 9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

- (1) As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, cpc Europa GmbH, amounted to \$100,400, \$157,590 and \$149,580, respectively, and the actual amounts drawn down were \$-, \$21,012 and \$31,578, respectively; the endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company to the subsidiary, CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC, amounted to \$-, \$- and \$60,450, respectively, and the actual amounts drawn down were all \$-.
- (2) As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Group's remaining balance due for construction in progress and prepayments for equipment were \$327,543, \$373,754 and \$508,659,

respectively.

- (3) On February 19, 2020, the Company entered into a mid-term secured syndicated loan contract for a credit line facility of \$2,900,000 with 11 financial institutions including Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.. The credit term is 7 years. Under the terms of the syndicated loan, the Company agrees that:
  - A. The financial ratios stated in the Company's semi-annual reviewed financial statements and annual audited financial statements shall meet the following financial ratios which will be assessed semi-annually:
    - (a) Current ratio (current assets/current liabilities): At least 100%.
    - (b) Liability ratio (total liabilities/net equity): Less than 220% in 2020; less than 200% in 2021 and 2022; less than 180% from 2023.
    - (c) Tangible net value (shareholders' equity less intangible assets): At least \$1,000,000.
  - B. If the Company violates the above financial covenants, the Company should improve within 9 months after the fiscal year or half fiscal year. It will not be considered to default, if the audited or reviewed financial rates comply with the covenants after the improvement period. During the improvement period, the credit line which has not been withdrawn will be frozen, until the financial covenants are met. In addition, for withdrawn credit, its financing rate shall be increased by an additional 0.125% per annum from the date after the notification by the management bank to the date after the completion of improvement.

As of March 31, 2021, the Company has not violated any of the above covenants.

(4) For the details of operating lease agreements, please refer to Note 6(6), 'Leasing arrangements—lessee'.

### 10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

### 11. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

None.

### 12. OTHERS

### (1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce the level of debt.

### (2) Financial instruments

- A. Details of the Group's financial instruments by category are provided in Note 6.
- B. Financial risk management policies
  - (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

(b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.

### C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks

### (a) Market risk

### I. Foreign exchange risk

- (i) The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries denominated in various functional currency, primarily with respect to USD, EUR and JPY. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.
- (ii) Management has set up a policy to require group companies to manage their foreign exchange risk against their functional currency. The companies are required to hedge their entire foreign exchange risk exposure with the Group treasury.
- (iii) The Group treasury's risk management policy is to hedge anticipated cash flows (mainly sale export and purchase of inventory) in the major foreign currency in the future so as to decrease the risk exposure in the major foreign currency.
- (iv)The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. However, as the objective of the net investments in foreign operations is for strategic purposes, the Group does not hedged the investments.
- (v)The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD, the subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, EUR and CNY). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	March	31, 2021	
	Foreign currency amount (in thousands)	Exchange rate	Book value (NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currenc	y)		
Financial assets			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 9,477	28.535	\$ 270,421
JPY:NTD	51,781	0.2577	13,344
EUR:NTD	877	33.48	29,377
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	1	28.535	19
JPY:NTD	10,548	0.2577	2,718
EUR:NTD	449	33.48	15,024
	Decembe	er 31, 2020	
	Foreign currency	Exchange	Book value
	amount (in thousands)	rate	(NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currenc	y)		
Financial assets	•		
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 10,750	28.48	\$ 306,154
JPY:NTD	32,962	0.2763	9,107
EUR:NTD	729	35.02	25,525
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	3	28.48	83
JPY:NTD	5,274	0.2763	1,457
EUR:NTD	927	35.02	32,506
	March	31, 2020	
	Foreign currency	Exchange	Book value
	amount (in thousands)	rate	(NTD)
(Foreign currency: functional currenc	y)		
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	\$ 8,742	30.225	\$ 264,241
JPY:NTD	27,382	0.2788	7,634
EUR:NTD	2,195	33.24	72,954
Financial liabilities			
Monetary items			
USD:NTD	3	30.225	87
JPY:NTD	5,742	0.2788	1,601
EUR:NTD	463	33.24	15,365

Sensitivity analysis of foreign exchange risk is primarily for foreign currency monetary items at financial reporting date. If the exchange rate of NTD to other currencies had appreciated/depreciated by 1% with all other factors remaining constant, the Group's net profit (loss) after tax for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 would increase/decrease by \$2,363 and \$2,638, respectively.

(vi)The total exchange (loss) gain, including realized and unrealized arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to (\$4,422) and \$4,536, respectively.

### II. Price risk

The Group did not engage in any financial instruments with price variations, thus, the Group does not expect market risk arising from variations in the market prices.

### III. Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- (i) The Group's main interest rate risk arises from short-term and long-term borrowings with variable rates, which expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. However, partial interest rate risk is offset by cash and cash equivalents held at variable rates. For the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings at variable rate were mainly denominated in NTD, USD and EUR.
- (ii) The Group's borrowings are measured at amortized cost. The borrowings are periodically contractually repriced and to that extent are also exposed to the risk of future changes in market interest rates.
- (iii) If the borrowing interest rate had increased/decreased by 10% with all other variables held constant, profit, net of tax for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2021 and 2020 would have decreased/increased by \$249 and \$342, respectively. The main factor is that changes in interest expense result from floating rate borrowings.

### (b) Credit risk

- I. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms.
- II. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analyzing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. The utilization of credit limits is regularly monitored.
- III. The Group manages its credit risk, whereby if the contract payments are past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that

- instrument since initial recognition and the impairment is assessed when the contract payments are past due over certain days.
- IV. The Group wrote-off the financial assets, which cannot be reasonably expected to be recovered after initiating recourse procedures. However, the Group will continue executing the recourse procedures to secure their rights. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Group's written-off financial assets that are still under recourse procedures amounted to \$3,878, \$3,078, and \$672, respectively.
- V. The Group classifies customers' accounts receivable in accordance with the credit rating of customers and credit risk on trade. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix and the forecast ability to adjust historical and timely information to estimate expected credit loss. The expected credit loss ranges from 0.03% to 100%. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,						
		2021	2020 Accounts receivable				
	Accou	ints receivable					
At January 1	\$	26,070	\$ 25,914				
Provision for impairment	(	2,458)	1,021				
Write-offs	(	800) (	6)				
Effect of foreign exchange	(	407) (	327)				
At March 31	\$	22,405	\$ 26,602				

### (c) Liquidity risk

- I. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated by Group treasury. Group treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn committed borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants (where applicable) on any of its borrowing facilities.
- II. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are transferred to the Group treasury. Group treasury invests surplus cash in interest bearing current accounts, time deposits and marketable securities, choosing instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom as determined by the abovementioned forecasts. The Group is expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

III. The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	March 31, 2021		Dece	mber 31, 2020	March 31, 2020		
Floating rate:							
Expiring within one year	\$	3,000,440	\$	1,183,578	\$	1,225,452	
Expiring beyond one year		2,900,000		2,600,000		4,247,000	
	\$ 5,900,440		\$	\$ 3,783,578		5,472,452	

IV. The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities and relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

			Between 1		Between 2		More than	
March 31, 2021	Less than 1 year		and	and 2 years		and 5 years		ears
Non-derivative financial								
liabilities:								
Short-term borrowings	\$	294,799	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Notes payable		96,698		-		-		-
Accounts payable		48,620		-		-		-
Other payables		260,721		-		-		-
Lease liability		7,539		7,539	2	22,618	11	8,745
Long-term borrowings								
(including current								
portion)		109,114		58,279	29	97,030	16	3,940
			Bety	ween 1	Betw	een 2	More	than
December 31, 2020	Less	than 1 year		ween 1 2 years		reen 2 years		than ears
December 31, 2020 Non-derivative financial	Less	than 1 year						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Less	than 1 year						
Non-derivative financial	Less	than 1 year 379,605						
Non-derivative financial liabilities:			and		and 5		_ 5 ye	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings		379,605	and		and 5		_ 5 ye	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable		379,605 77,992	and		and 5		_ 5 ye	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable		379,605 77,992 49,211	and		and 5		5 ye	
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Other payables		379,605 77,992 49,211 110,835	and	2 years	and 5	years	5 ye	- - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Other payables Lease liability		379,605 77,992 49,211 110,835	and	2 years	and 5	years	5 ye	- - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities: Short-term borrowings Notes payable Accounts payable Other payables Lease liability Long-term borrowings		379,605 77,992 49,211 110,835	and \$	2 years	and 5	years	5 ye \$	- - -

March 31, 2020	Less than 1 year		 etween 1 d 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years		More than 5 years	
Non-derivative financial							
liabilities:							
Short-term borrowings	\$	526,155	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Short-term notes and							
bills payable		30,023	-		-		-
Notes payable		79,377	-		-		-
Accounts payable		47,577	-		-		-
Other payables		179,201	-		-		-
Lease liability		7,539	7,539	2	22,618	1	26,285
Long-term borrowings							
(including current							
portion)		82,479	106,413	19	98,814		-

V. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

### (3) Fair value information

A. As of March 31, 2021, December 31, 2020 and March 31, 2020, the Group had no fair value financial instruments.

### B. Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments not measured at fair value (including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost - current, notes receivable, accounts receivable, other receivables, guarantee deposits paid, short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, lease liabilities (current and non-current) and long-term borrowings (including current portion) are approximate to their fair values.

### (4) Others

As a cross-border operating group, due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, certain nations have taken prevention measures, which have reduced business activities and affected the sales of some operating entities of the Group in certain countries. The Group has taken relevant countermeasures, such as keeping in close contact with customers and manufacturers, strengthening employee health monitoring and continuing to pay attention to the development of the epidemic, in order to mitigate the impact on the operations. However, the actual extent of the possible impact will depend on the subsequent development of the pandemic.

### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

(According to the regulatory requirement, only information for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021 is disclosed.)

### (1) Significant transactions information

A. Loans to others: None.

- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Please refer to table 1.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): None.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Group's paid-in capital: None.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Please refer to table 2.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching \$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching \$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- I. Trading in derivative instruments undertaken during the reporting period: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period: Please refer to table 3.

### (2) <u>Information on investees</u>

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Please refer to table 4.

### (3) Information on investments in Mainland China

- A. Basic information: Please refer to table 5.
- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Please refer to table 6.

### (4) Major shareholders information

Major shareholders information: Please refer to table 7.

### 14. <u>SEGMENT INFORMATION</u>

### (1) General information

The management of the Group has identified the operating segments based on how the Group's chief operating decision maker regularly reviews information in order to make decisions.

### (2) <u>Information about segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities</u>

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

			For the three	e-mo	onth perio	d er	nded Mar	ch 3	31, 2021		
	CH	HIEFTEK	Chieftek		•						
	PR	ECISION	(Kunshan)	cpc	Europa	CI	oc USA	(	Others		Total
Segment revenue	\$	301,004	\$111,242	\$	81,630	\$	47,292	_	2,532	\$	543,700
Inter-segment	Ψ	301,001	Ψ111,212	Ψ	01,050	Ψ	17,272	Ψ	2,332	Ψ	313,700
revenue		122,514	_		_		_		2,532		125,046
External revenue		178,490	111,242		81,630		47,292		_,00_		418,654
Interest income		9	185		-		32		14		240
Depreciation and			100				5-				2.0
amortization		21,271	95		518		111		761		22,756
Capital expenditures		48,245	-		78		58		_		48,381
Interest expense		3,056	_		41		_		602		3,699
Segment pre-tax		,									,
income		80,787	21,092		8,485		10,379	(	34)		120,709
Segment assets		2,775,210	263,937		115,944		122,839	2:	50,357		3,528,287
Segment liabilities		1,356,622	11,536		18,185		1,131	8	85,259		1,472,733
			For the thre	e-m	onth perio	od e	nded Ma	rch :	31. 2020		
	CF	HIEFTEK	Chieftek	•	onen perio		1000		21, 2020		
		ECISION	(Kunshan)	cno	Europa	CI	oc USA	(	Others		Total
Segment revenue	\$	217,211	\$ 66,268	\$	68,416	\$	34,217	\$	3,091	\$	
Inter-segment	Ψ	217,211	φ 00,200	φ	00,410	φ	34,217	Ψ	3,071	ψ	309,203
revenue		95,607	_		15		_		3,091		98,713
External revenue		121,604	66,268		68,401		34,217		5,071		290,490
Interest income		41	335		-		113		55		544
Depreciation and		11	333				113		55		511
amortization		20,443	98		658		165		830		22,194
Capital expenditures		128,208	-		68		626		-		128,902
Interest expense		3,433	_		147		_		1,306		4,886
Segment pre-tax		,							,		,
income		53,379	7,032		5,444		2,061	(	1,479)		66,437
Segment assets		2,738,635	293,249		114,515		92,038		205,377		3,443,814
		2,730,033	273,2 <del>4</del> 7		117,515		72,030		203,311		- , - , -

### (3) Reconciliation for segment income

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external customers reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income. A reconciliation of reportable segments pre-tax income to profit before income tax from continuing operations is provided as follows:

	For the three-month periods ended March 31,						
		2021		2020			
Reportable segments pre-tax income	\$	120,743	\$	67,916			
Other segments pre-tax loss	(	34)	(	1,479)			
Inter segments gain	(	32,898)	(	13,328)			
Profit before income tax	\$	87,811	\$	53,109			

#### Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 1 Expressed in thousands of NTD

									Ratio of					
									accumulated					
					Maximum				endorsement/					
		Party b	Č	Limit on	outstanding	Outstanding			guarantee	Ceiling on	Provision of	Provision of	Provision of	
		endorsed/gr	uaranteed	endorsements/	endorsement/	endorsement/		Amount of	amount to net	total amount of	endorsements/	endorsements/	endorsements/	
			Relationship with	guarantees	guarantee	guarantee		endorsements/	asset value of	endorsements/	guarantees by	guarantees by	guarantees to	
			the endorser/	provided for a	amount as of	amount at	Actual	guarantees	the endorser/	guarantees	parent	subsidiary to	the party in	
Nunber	Endorser/		guarantor	single party	March 31,	March 31,	amount	secured with	guarantor	provided	company to	parent	Mainland	
(Note 1)	guarantor	Company name	( Note 2 )	(Note 3)	2021	2021	drawn down	collateral	company	(Note 3)	subsidiary	company	China	Footnote
0	CHIEFTEK	cpc Europa GmbH	1	\$ 1,027,777	\$ 157,590	\$ 100,440	\$ -	\$ -	5%	\$ 1,027,777	Y	N	N	_
	PRECISION CO.,													

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

(1) Parent company is '0'.

LTD.

- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.
- (Note 2) The following code respresents the relationship with the Company:
  - (1) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary.
- (Note 3) (1) The total endorsements/guarantees provided shall not exceed 50% of the Company's net assets, and the amount provided for each counterparty shall not exceed 20% of the Company's paid-in capital. However, the limitation is not applied to subsidiaries that the Company directly or indirectly holds more than 50% of the voting shares.
  - (2) For trading partner, except for the abovementioned limit, the maximum amount for individual trading partner shall not exceed the higher of total purchase and sale transations during the most recent year.

### Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more

### For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 2 Expressed in thousands of NTD

If the counterparty is a related party, information as to the last tra	nsaction of the
real estate is disclosed below:	

Real estate	Real estate	Date of the	Transaction	Status of	Countownestry	Relationship with the	Original owner who sold the real estate	Relationship between the original owner and the	Date of the original	Amount	Basis or reference used in setting the	Reason for acquisition of real estate and status of the	Other
acquired by	acquired	event	amount	payment	Counterparty	counterparty	to the counterparty	acquirer	transaction	Amount	price	real estate	commitments
CHIEFTEK PRECISION	Sugu new factory construction	May 17, 2019	\$ 454,419	\$ 351,686	Hong Sheng Construction	_	_	_	_	\$	- Negotiation	Building for operation use	_
CO., LTD.	phase II				Corp.								

#### Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period

#### For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 3 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Transaction						
Number (Note 1)	Company name	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	General ledger account	Amou	ıt .	Transaction terms	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or total assets (Note 3)		
0	CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	cpc Europa GmbH	1	Sales revenue	(\$	43,235)	180 days after monthly- closing, T/T	(10%)		
				Accounts receivable		80,962	_	2%		
				Endorsements and guarantees		100,440	_	3%		
		CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	1	Sales revenue	(	22,497)	180 days after monthly- closing, T/T	(5%)		
				Accounts receivable		52,074	_	1%		
		Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd.	1	Sales revenue	(	56,782)	180 days after monthly- closing, T/T	(14%)		
				Accounts receivable		48,396	=	1%		
1	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	3	Dividends receivable		26,958	_	1%		
2	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATINAL LLC	3	Rent payment		2,532	_	1%		
				Refundable deposits		1,427	_	_		

(Note 1) The numbers filled in for the transaction company in respect of inter-company transactions are as follows:

- (1) Parent company is '0'.
- (2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

(Note 2) Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

- (1) Parent company to subsidiary.
- (2) Subsidiary to parent company.
- (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.
- (Note 3) Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.
- (Note 4) Only transactions over 1 million are disclosed.
- (Note 5) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:28.535) as of March 31, 2021.

#### Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China)

### For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 4 Expressed in thousands of NTD

				Initial invest	ment amount	Shares he	eld as of Marc	h 31, 2021	Net profit (loss) of the investee for the three-month	Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the three-month	
			Main business	Balance as of	Balance as of	Number of	Ownership		period ended	period ended	
Investor	Investee	Location	activities	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	shares	(%)	Book value	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2021	Footnote
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Samoa	Professional investment	\$ 152,263	\$ 152,263	5,100,000	100	\$ 292,923	\$ 14,032	\$ 14,032	Subsidiary
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION INTERNATIONAL LLC	United States of America	Lease of real estate property	110,054	110,054	-	100	101,755	( 34)	( 34)	Subsidiary
	CHIEFTEK PRECISION USA CO., LTD.	United States of America	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	50,027	50,027	1,660,000	100	44,012	10,415	10,415	Subsidiary
	cpc Europa GmbH	Germany	Sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after -sale services	98,695	98,695	-	100	17,215	8,485	8,485	Subsidiary
CHIEFTEK PRECISION HOLDING CO., LTD.	Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Professional investment	145,529	145,529	5,100,000	100	270,065	14,113	-	Subsidiary (Note 1)

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Not required to disclose income (loss) recognized by the Company.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:28.535) as of March 31, 2021.

#### Information on investments in Mainland China - Basic information

For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 5 Expressed in thousands of NTD

					;	ccumulated amount of nittance from	Amount remittee Mainlar Amount re to Taiwan for the ended Mar	nd C mitt thre	China/ ted back ee-month period	Accumulated amount	Net	income of		Investment income (loss) recognized by the Company for the three-	Book value of	of	ccumulated amount investment income	
						Taiwan to				of remittance from	inve		•	month	investments in	rem	nitted back to	
				_		inland China				Taiwan to			the Company	•	Mainland China		aiwan as of	
Investee in Mainland	Main business	ъ.	1	Investment	as	of January 1,	Remitted to	Re		Mainland China as			(direct or	March 31, 2021	as of March 31,	I	March 31,	г.,
China	activities	Paic	d-in capital	method		2021	Mainland China		Taiwan	of March 31, 2021	Marc	cn 31, 2021	indirect)	(Note 2)	2021		2021	Footnote
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	Production, processing and sale of high precision linear motion components and rendering after-sale services	\$	145,529	Note 1	\$	145,529	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 145,529	\$	14,113	100%	\$ 14,113	\$ 219,594	\$	121,770	-

		Investment amount approved by the	
	Accumulated amount of remittance	Investment Commission of the	Ceiling on investments in Mainland
	from Taiwan to Mainland China as o	f Ministry of Economic Affairs	China imposed by the Investment
Company name	March 31, 2021	(MOEA)	Commission of MOEA (Note 3)
CHIEFTEK PRECISION CO., LTD.	\$ 145,529	\$ 145,529	\$ 1,233,332

<sup>(</sup>Note 1) Through investing in an existing company in the third area (Chieftek Precision (Hong Kong) Co., Ltd.) which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.

<sup>(</sup>Note 2) The investment income (loss) is recognized based on the investees' financial statements that were reviewed by the parent company's auditors for the three-month period ended March 31, 2021.

<sup>(</sup>Note 3) The ceiling amount is 60% of the higher of net worth or consolidated net worth.

<sup>(</sup>Note 4) Foreign currencies were translated into New Taiwan Dollars using the exchange rate (USD:NTD 1:28.535) as of March 31, 2021.

Information on investments in Mainland China - Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area

### For the three-month period ended March 31, 2021

Table 6 Expressed in thousands of NTD

# Provision of endorsements/guarantees

				endorsements/guarantees											
-	Sales (puro	chase)	Property tran	saction	Accounts receivable (payable)			or colla	terals		Financing				
										Maximum balance			Interest during		
					Bal	lance at		Balance at		during the three-month	Balance at		the three-month		
					Ma	arch 31,		March 31,		period ended	March 31,		period ended		
Investee in Mainland China	Amount	%	Amount	%		2021	%	2021	Purpose	March 31, 2021	2021	Interest rate	March 31, 2021	Others	
Chieftek Machinery (Kunshan) Co., Ltd	\$ 56,782	19%	\$ -	-	\$	48,396	13%	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -	\$ -	

#### Major shareholders information

### March 31, 2021

Table 7 Expressed in share

	Number of sh	nares
Name of the major shareholder	Common stock	Ownership (%)
Hsu, Ming-Che	5,579,338	6.87%
Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	4,652,900	5.73%

Note: The major shareholders information was derived from the data that the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation.

The share capital which was recorded in the financial statements is different from the actual number of shares issued in dematerialised form because of the different calculation basis.